The Detroit River International Crossing Study Evaluation of Illustrative Alternatives on U. S. Side of Border

Volume 3C Route Technical Data



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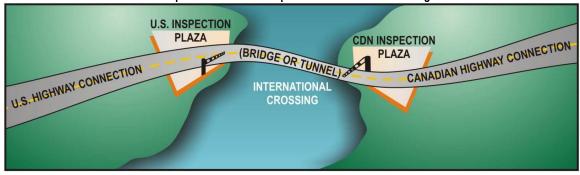
Solution Mining

1. Introduction

This document is Volume 3 of a three-volume set of reports to support the Detroit River International Crossing Study Evaluation of Illustrative Alternatives on the U.S. side of the border. This volume includes maps and listings of key issues like wetlands, floodplains, etc., used in assessing the performance of the Illustrative Alternatives as reported in Volume 2. Volume 1 summarizes the evaluation process.

Volume 3 is divided into three sections consistent with the components of a new or expanded international crossing of the Detroit River as shown on Figure 1-1. These are plazas, crossings and routes. This document covers the roadway route component of the crossing systems.

Figure 1-1
Components of New or Expanded International Crossing



Source: The Corradino Group of Michigan, Inc.

2. Methodologies

The data in this report supports the evaluation of the Illustrative Alternatives on the U.S. side of the border. The evaluation process follows the overall methodology incorporated in the scoping information document,¹ which is summarized in Table 2-1. The evaluation factors are:

- Protect Community/Neighborhood Characteristics
- Maintain Consistency with Local Planning
- Protect Cultural Resources
- Protect the Natural Environment
- Improve Regional Mobility
- Maintain Air Quality
- Assess How Project Can Be Built (Constructability)

A definition of these evaluation factors and the associated performance measure categories and performance measures is provided below.

2.1 Protect Community/Neighborhood Characteristics

Six different performance measure categories are involved in this area.

To determine neighborhood **traffic impacts**, the volume change on links in the local roadway system that would be affected by connecting to a border crossing is analyzed. Those streets that would be closed during construction (temporarily) as well as permanently have been listed. Likewise, those streets that would remain open but crossed or rerouted are also listed to determine the degree to which the community's basic street network would be modified. Lastly, if there are mainline railroads that may be rerouted because of the plaza's location, they are listed as well.

The number of dwelling units has been calculated within 150 feet of each component of the border crossing system that would have front line (unblocked) exposure to **noise**. Additionally, any significant sensitive receptors such as churches, parks, historic sites and the like, within the 150-foot band are also cited.

¹ The Detroit River International Crossing Study Draft Environmental Impact Statement Scoping Information prepared by MDOT in partnership with FHWA, July 2005.

Table 2-1 Detroit River International Crossing Study Evaluation Factors and Performance Measures Illustrative Alternatives Phase

Streets Closed (temporarily) Number GIS/Fiel	Data Source Id Review Intation Noise Model (TNM) Version 2.5 eview, TNM
Streets Closed (permanently) Number GIS/Fiel Streets Closed (temporarily) Number GIS/Fiel Streets Crossed Number GIS/Fiel Streets Rerouted Streets Rerouted Number Streets with Interchange Mainline Raillines Rerouted Number Noise Frontline Exposure Number of dwelling units exposed Transpor	ld Review ld Review ld Review ld Review ld Review ld Review rtation Noise Model (TNM) Version 2.5 eview, TNM
Streets Closed (temporarily) Traffic Impacts Streets Crossed Streets Crossed Number Streets Rerouted Streets Rerouted Streets with Interchange Mainline Raillines Rerouted Number Number Streets with Interchange Mumber Mumber Streets with Interchange Mumber Mumber Number Number Transport Number	ld Review ld Review ld Review ld Review ld Review ld Review rtation Noise Model (TNM) Version 2.5 eview, TNM
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Streets Rerouted Number GIS/Fiel Streets with Interchange Number GIS/Fiel Mainline Raillines Rerouted Number GIS/Fiel Moise Frontline Exposure Number of dwelling units exposed Transpor	ld Review ld Review ld Review ortation Noise Model (TNM) Version 2.5 eview, TNM
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Mainline Raillines Rerouted Number GIS/Fiel Noise Frontline Exposure Number of dwelling units exposed Transport	Id Review ortation Noise Model (TNM) Version 2.5 eview, TNM
Noise Frontline Exposure Number of dwelling units exposed Transpot	ortation Noise Model (TNM) Version 2.5 eview, TNM
	eview, TNM
	eview, TNM
	,
Community Cohesion/Character Change from No Action Positive/Negati	ional Judgment
Residential Units Occupied GIS/Fiel	ld Review
Residential Units Vacant Units Vacant GIS/Fiel	ld Review
Residential Population Number GIS/Fiel	ld Review
Activa GIV/Fial	ld Review
	ld Review
	Computer Applications, Inc.
Schools GIS/Fiel	ld Review
	ld Review
	ld Review
Dlease of Warshin CHOTGO	ld Review
	nsus Data
	nsus Data
FI Populations in Affected Cangus Block Groups 9/ Households in Devorty/Above on Delay 0.00/ Decigned	nsus Data
Households in Poverty U.S. Cer	nsus Data
Title VI Groups in Census Tracts Presence of Regionally Prominent Ancestral Groups U.S. Cer	nsus Data
	ld Review
Number of medium industry businesses within 1/2 mile GIS/Fiel	ld Review
Proximity to Industry Number of light industry/office businesses within 1,2 nme G15/14e1	ld Review
Proximity to Residential/Retail Number of residences within 500 ft/150m GIS/Fiel	ld Review
Number of retail businesses within 500 ft/150m G1S/Fiel	ld Review
Public Safety/Security (Plaza Only) Proximity to Hazardous Materials Number of EPA Licensed Hazmat TSD Facilities within one-half mile Number of MDFO Licensed TSD Facilities within one-half	
mile	
	ld Review
Mainline Raillines Rerouted GIS/Fiel	ld Review
Official Plans Consistency YES/NO Profession	ional Judgment
	ional Judgment
Maintain Consistency Leaking Underground Storage Tanks Number Web-bas	sed MDEQ files
with Local Planning Environmental Sites Affecting Plan EPA/DEQ Licensed Hazmat TSD Facility Number Web-bas	sed EPA files
Implementation (single sites may have National DEQ Priority List (Superfund) Number Web-bas	sed MDEQ/EPA files
multiple designations) RTK Cerclis (Superfund) Number Web-bas	sed MDEQ/EPA files
Michigan Contaminated Site Number Web-bas	sed MDEQ files

Table 2-1 (cont'd) Detroit River International Crossing Study Evaluation Factors and Performance Measures Illustrative Alternatives Phase

				sures	
Evaluation Factor	Perforn	nance Measure Category	Description	Data Source	
Protect Cultural		Historic Districts	Number		Web-based SHPO files
		Listed NRHP Sites/Structures	Number		Web-based SHPO files
	Above Ground Historic Resources	Listed SHRS Sites/Structures	Number		Web-based SHPO files
		Locally Listed Sites/Structures	Number		Local Historic Groups
		Potentially Eligible Sites/ Structures	Number		Field Review
Resources	Archaeology	Previously Recorded Sites	Number		Web-based SHPO files
	Below Ground Resources	Potential to Find/Record	High/Medium/Low		Field Review
	Parkland	All Public Parks	Number/Acres		Municipal Web sites/Field Review
		6(f) Parks	Number/Specify		Web site – National Park Service
		Coastal Zone Management Projects	Number of Project/Specify		MDEQ and Grant Applications
		Floodplain	Number/Acres		GIS/Field Review
		Surface Run Off	Acres		Calculation
	Surface Water	Primary Steams	Number/Specify		GIS/Field Review
		Secondary Streams	Number/Specify		GIS/Field Review
		Other Water-crossings	Number/Specify		GIS/Field Review
Duoto et the Net1	Caon-1	Municipal Wells	Number		Contact with Municipalities
Protect the Natural Environment	Groundwater	Water In-takes	Number/Specify		Contact with Municipalities
Environment		Wetlands	Acres		Field Review
	Significant Habitat	Fens/Bogs	Number/Acres		Field Review
		Endangered Species	Potential Species		U.S. Fish & Wildlife/MDEQ
		Designated Wildlife Refuges	Number/Acres		U.S. Fish & Wildlife/MDEQ
	Prime/Unique Farmland	Farmland	Acres		GIS
	Mineral Resources	Salt/Limestone	Type/Specify		Field Review/Industry sources
	Highway Network Effectiveness	VMT (int'l traffic only, PM Peak Hour for 2035)	No Action		SEMCOG Travel Demand Model
			With New Crossing		SEMCOG Travel Demand Model
			Difference from 2035 – No Action		SEMCOG Travel Demand Model
			Percent Difference		SEMCOG Travel Demand Model
		VHT (int'l traffic only, PM Peak Hour for 2035)	No Action		SEMCOG Travel Demand Model
			With New Crossing		SEMCOG Travel Demand Model
Improve Regional			Difference from 2035 – No Action		SEMCOG Travel Demand Model
Mobility			Percent Difference		SEMCOG Travel Demand Model
		V/C (total traffic)	Table 5-10, Figure 5-11		SEMCOG Travel Demand Model
		Diversion due to disruption at crossing	Difference of Int'l VMT with A New Crossing Open	Ambassador Bridge Closed and	SEMCOG Travel Demand Model
			Difference of Int'l VHT with Ambassador Bridge Closed and New Crossing Open		SEMCOG Travel Demand Model
		Detour of Local Arterials	Number of SEMCOG Network I	Links Rerouted	SEMCOG Travel Demand Model
	Regional Burden	Change from No Action	VOC	lbs. in PM peak hour	EPA MOBILE6.2 & model runs
			CO	lbs. in PM peak hour	EPA MOBILE6.2 & model runs
			NOX	lbs. in PM peak hour	EPA MOBILE6.2 & model runs
ļ			PM2.5	lbs. in PM peak hour	EPA MOBILE6.2 & model runs
Maintain Air Quality			PM10	lbs. in PM peak hour	EPA MOBILE6.2 & model runs
			Benzene	lbs. in PM peak hour	EPA MOBILE6.2 & model runs
			1,3 Butadiene	lbs. in PM peak hour	EPA MOBILE6.2 & model runs
			Formaldehyde	lbs. in PM peak hour	EPA MOBILE6.2 & model runs
			Acetaldehyde	lbs. in PM peak hour	EPA MOBILE6.2 & model runs
			Acroline	lbs. in PM peak hour	EPA MOBILE6.2 & model runs
	Hotspot	Carbon Monoxide (CO)	Parts Per Million		Approved Federal Model (CALQ3HC)

Table 2-1 (cont'd) Detroit River International Crossing Study Evaluation Factors and Performance Measures Illustrative Alternatives Phase

			Performance Measures		
Evaluation Factor	Performance Measure Category		Description/Units	Data Source	
	Traffic Maintenance	Streets closed during construction	Number	GIS/Field Review	
		Adjacent businesses affected by construction	Number within 500 ft/150m	GIS/Field Review	
		Adjacent schools or public use facilities affected by construction	Number within 500 ft/150m	GIS/Field Review	
	Site constraints limiting access to the plaza for the river crossing or the roadway connections.	Plaza proximity to crossing landing	Distance (ft/m)	GIS/Field Review	
		Raillines adjacent to or through plaza site	Number	GIS/Field Review	
		Utilities adjacent to or through plaza site	Number	GIS/Field Review	
		Presence of heavy industry adjacent to or on plaza site	Yes/No	GIS/Field Review	
		Contaminated sites/hazardous materials within 500 ft/150m (single sites may have multiple designations)	EPA Licensed Hazmat TSD Facilities	Web-based EPA files	
Assess How Project Can Be Built			National Priority List (Superfund)	Web-based MDEQ files	
			RTK Cerclis (Superfund)	Web-based MDEQ files	
			Michigan Contaminated Sites	Web-based MDEQ files	
			DEQ Licensed TSD Facilities	Web-based MDEQ files	
	Geotechnical constraints – identify any unusual geotechnical features/issues that may be problematic for construction	Proximity to solution mining areas	Number within 1,000 ft/300m	GIS	
		Presence of poor soil conditions (e.g., compressible/expansive and organic)	Yes/No	GIS/Literature Review	
		Presence of noxious gases (e.g., Hydrogen Sulfide and Methane)	Yes/No	Literature Review	
		Presence of artesian groundwater	Yes/No	Literature Review	
	Relative risk of known site conditions (environmental, geotechnical, other physical/ construction methodologies)	Engineering Consideration	High/Medium/Low	Professional Judgment	

Source: The Corradino Group of Michigan, Inc.

The professional assessment of whether a **community's cohesion/character** would be affected by a component of the crossing system is based upon an understanding of the characteristics of the affected neighborhood(s)/community(ies). The entirety of the information presented in this category is used to make that judgment.

The **potential acquisition** of residential units (single-family and apartments) and the number of inhabitants who may have to be relocated is included in the assessment by each component of the border crossing system. Similarly, the number of businesses potentially affected, along with an estimate of the number of direct jobs at those businesses that are expected to be relocated, have been identified. Lastly, other land uses that could be affected are incorporated into the analysis.

They include: schools, senior service facilities, city government facilities, places of worship, medical facilities, state/federal government facilities, and community service facilities, such as recreation centers, counseling centers, and the like.

Presidential Executive Order 12898 on **Environmental Justice** (EJ) sets out objectives and procedures: to identify, address and avoid disproportionately high and adverse health and environmental effects on minority populations and low-income populations. The population groups likely to be affected directly and/or indirectly by a component of the border crossing system have been defined by using Census data at the "block-group" level. In addition, the number of people potentially impacted have been estimated. It is noteworthy that this latter number may exceed those people potentially relocated because the block-group data are much broader than the in-field counts of dwelling units that could be acquired. Nonetheless, it serves as an estimate of EJ impacts.

Those social/cultural groups covered by **Title VI** of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 are also reviewed in this evaluation category. Title VI mandates that discrimination not occur on the basis of race, color or national origin in connection with programs and activities receiving federal financial assistance. To properly account for Title VI issues, all groups which comprise at least two percent of the SEMCOG region's population were chosen for analysis. These include Arab, Asian, Black or African-American, English, French, German, Hispanic/Latino, Irish, Italian, Polish and Scottish. Because the data to address Title VI ancestry issues are only available at the large Census tract level (as compared to the Census block-group level for minority populations), only the ancestral groups that could be potentially affected by a border crossing component are identified at this time, not the specific number of people. More detailed analysis of ancestry (and Environmental Justice) issues will be conducted for the Practical Alternatives analysis.

In order to determine the relationship of the plaza (and only the plaza) to the **security** of the neighborhood/community in which it may reside, and the effect of the surroundings on the plaza's security, several factors have been examined. A "proximity index" has been used to determine the

number of heavy² industries and medium³ industries within one-half mile of the plaza's edge (not its center); this is a "risk-to-plaza" issue as the activities at these industries can affect the security of the plaza. Likewise, the number of light industry and office businesses within 1,000 feet/300 meters of the plaza's edge have been determined. The proximity index for residences and retail businesses is even more narrow at 500 feet/300 meters. These two latter proximity indices are associated with a plaza's potential risk to the community.

In order to determine the possible effect of the plaza on emergency services response, the plaza's distance to the nearest fire and police stations have been measured as well as a listing of the number of streets that may be closed temporarily during construction and permanently after the plaza is in operation. Likewise, the mainline railroads that would be crossed have also been defined because crossing a rail line may impede the responsiveness of emergency services.

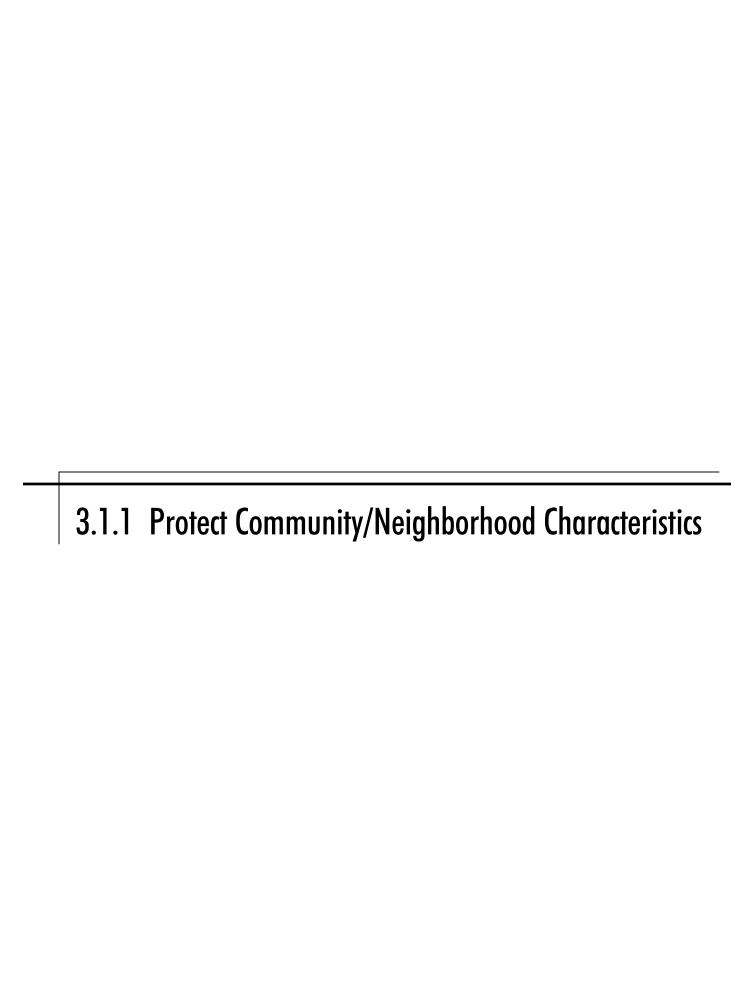
The last issue in this category of public safety/security, as it relates to both the risk to the plaza and the plaza's potential risk on a community, is the number, within one-half mile of the plaza, of any Michigan Department of Environmental Quality/EPA-licensed Transfer/Storage/ Distribution (TSD) facility, which handles potentially hazardous materials.

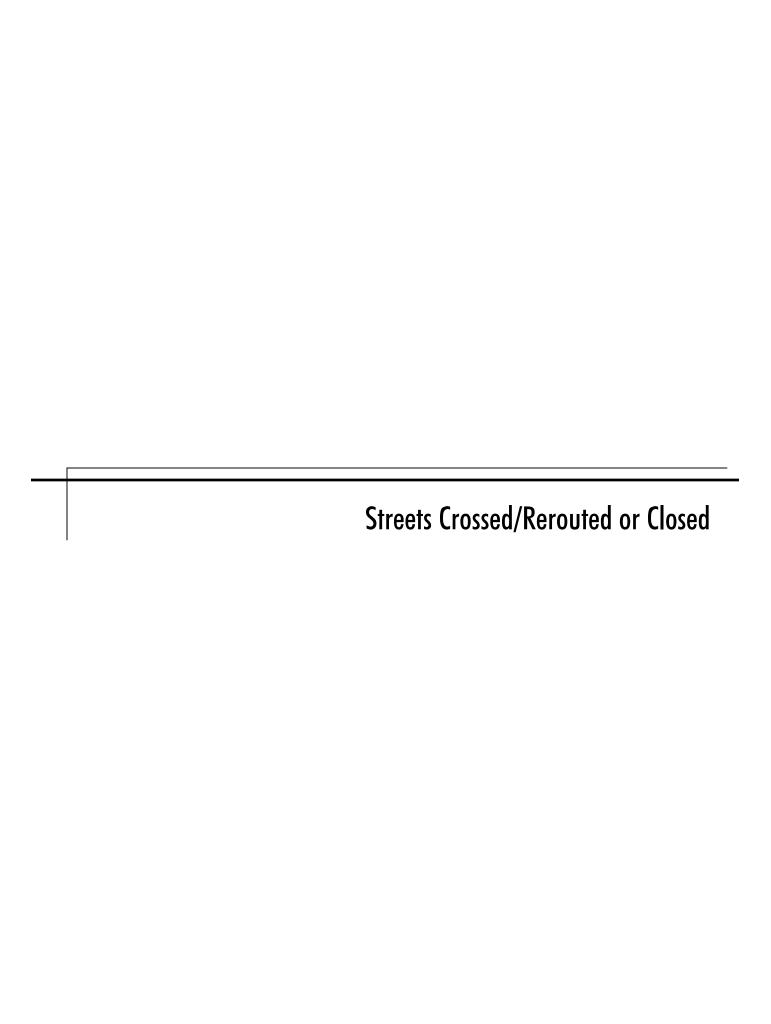
² Heavy industry is defined as those industrial land uses that present a potential for significant difficulty in demolition or removal as well as legacy issues that would affect construction such as environmental contamination. Such land uses may include chemical production facilities, hazardous waste processing facilities, foundries and blast furnaces, steel mills, etc.

³ Medium industry is considered a location of moderate manufacturing or industrial activity such as a distribution facility or a small (non-auto) assembly plant.

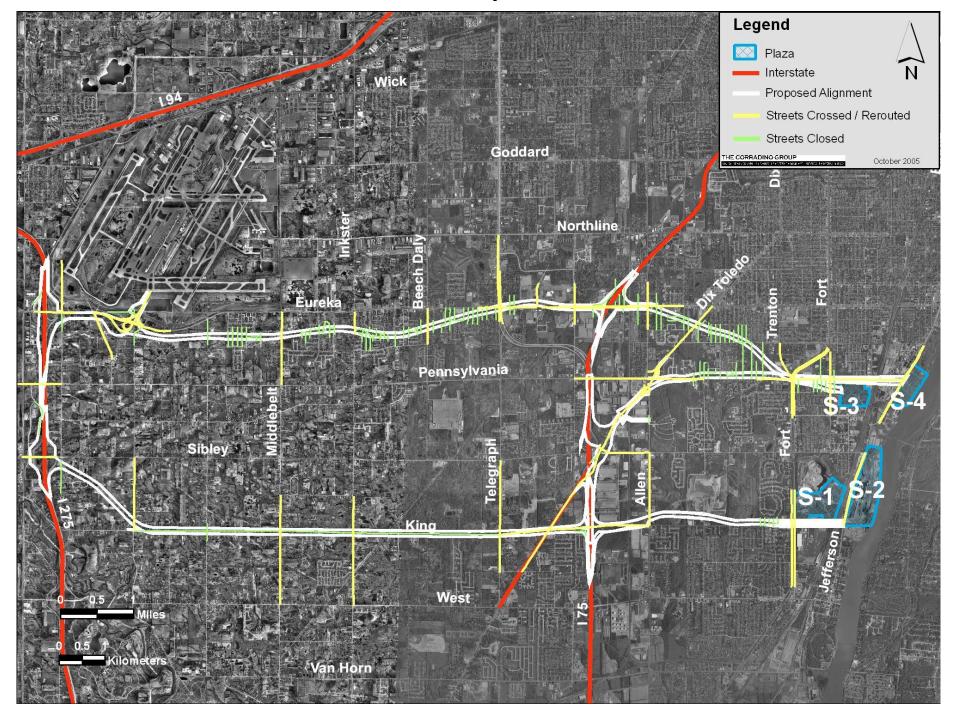
3. Supporting Data

3.1 Routes

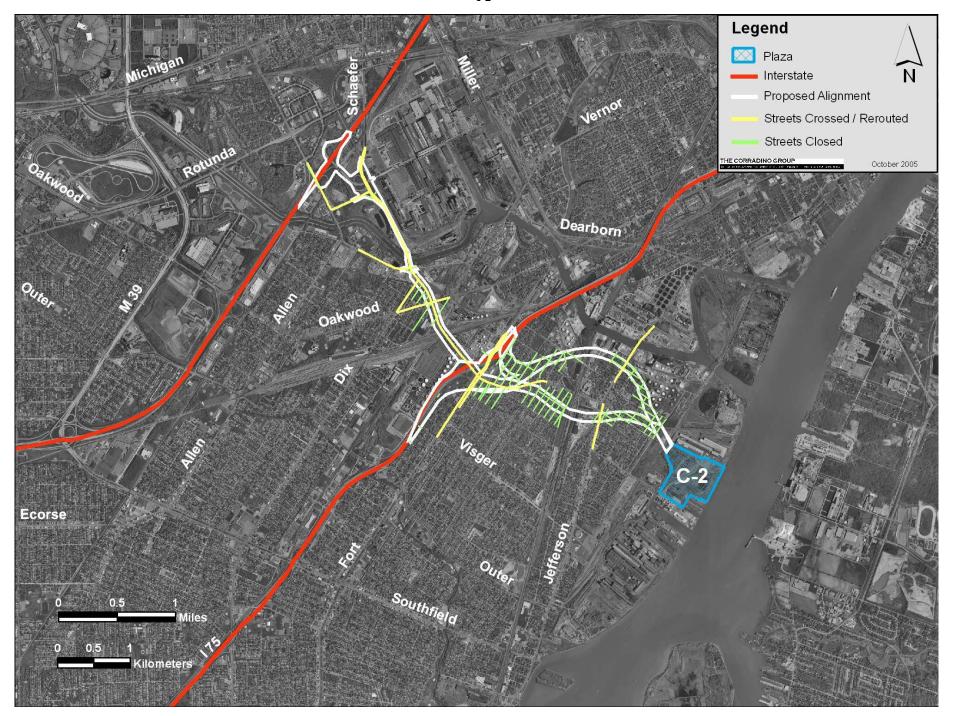




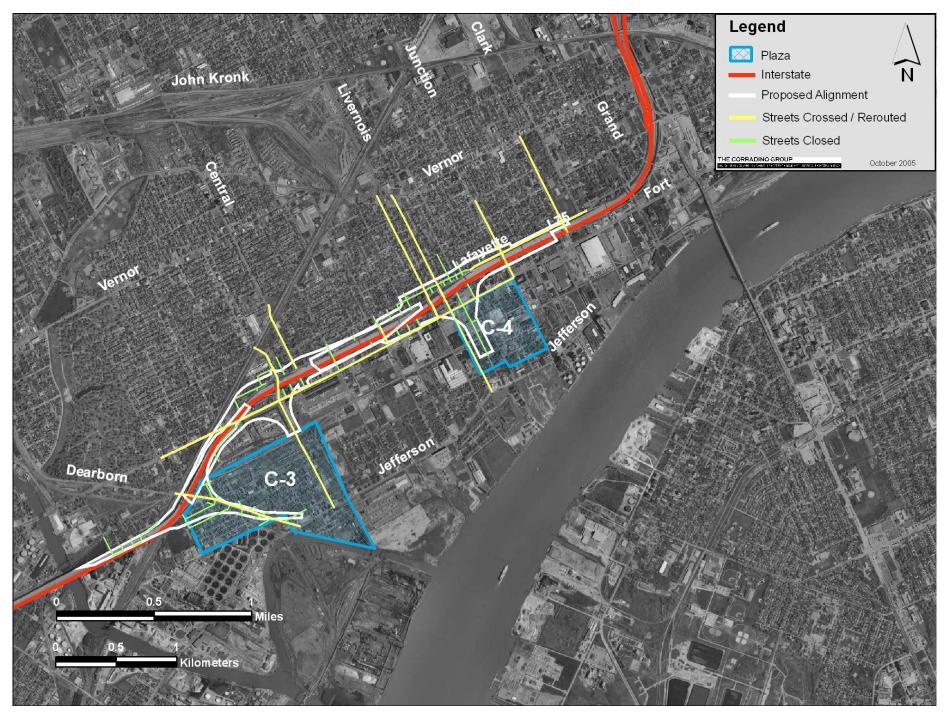
Streets Crossed/Rerouted or Closed S-1 through S-4



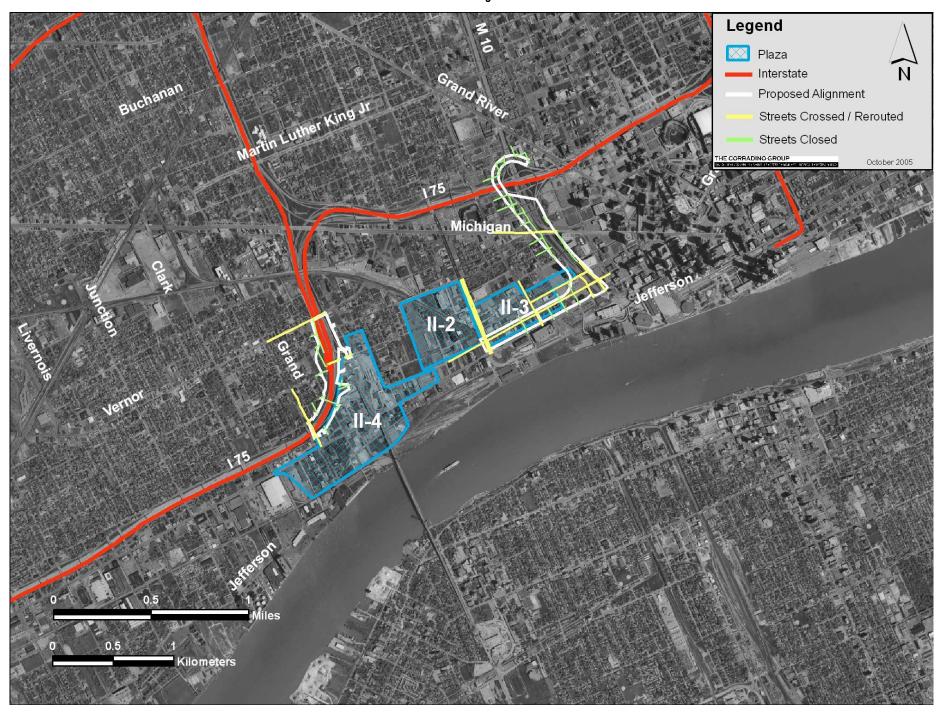


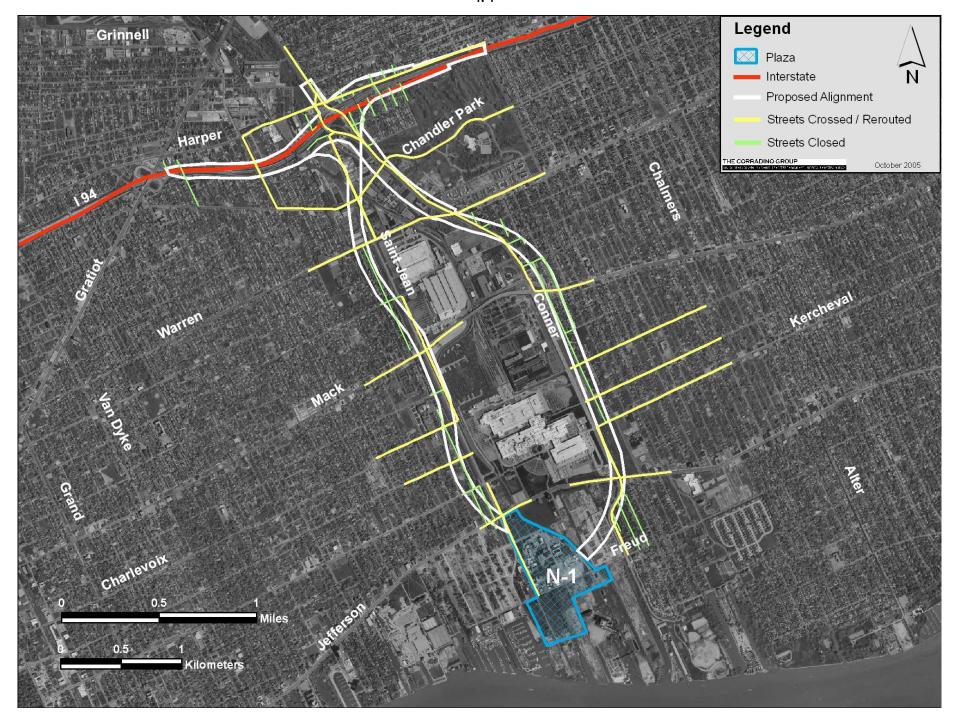


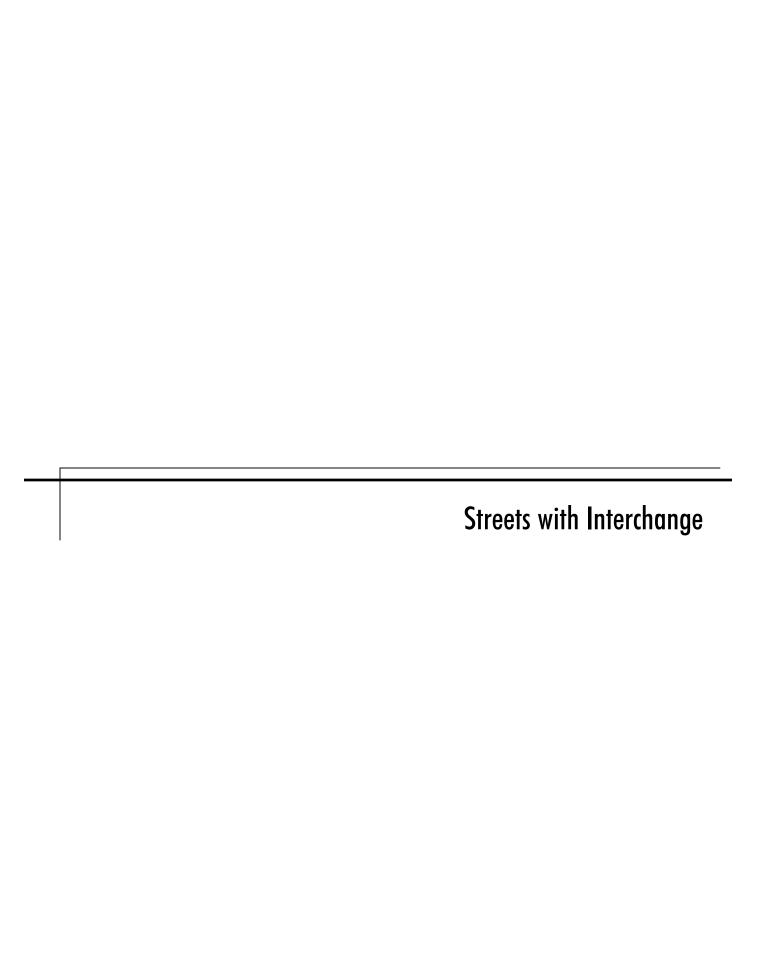
Streets Crossed/Rerouted or Closed C-3 and C-4



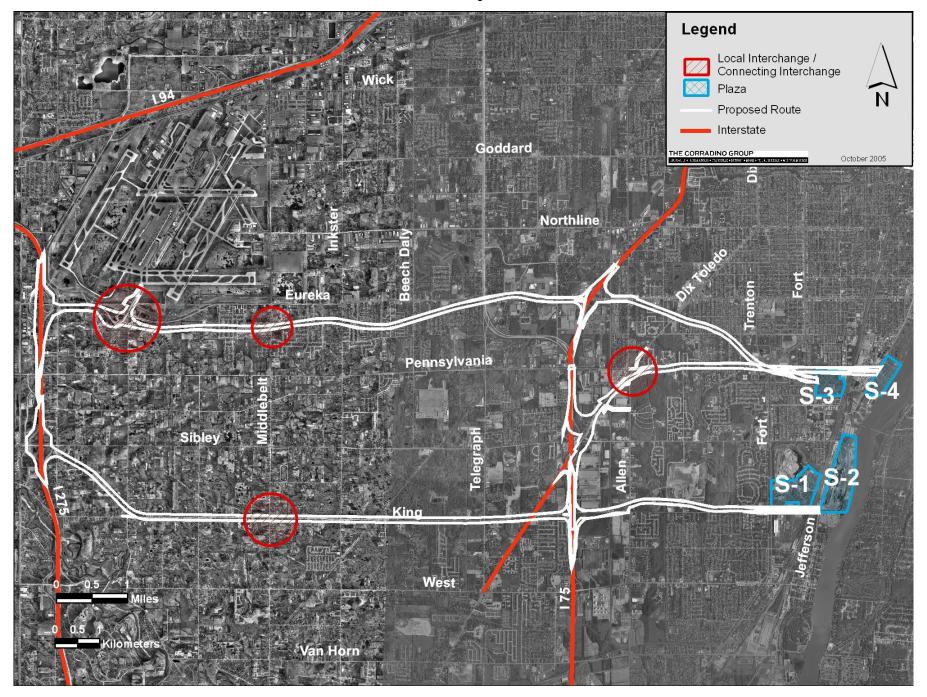
Streets Crossed/Rerouted or Closed II-2 through II-4

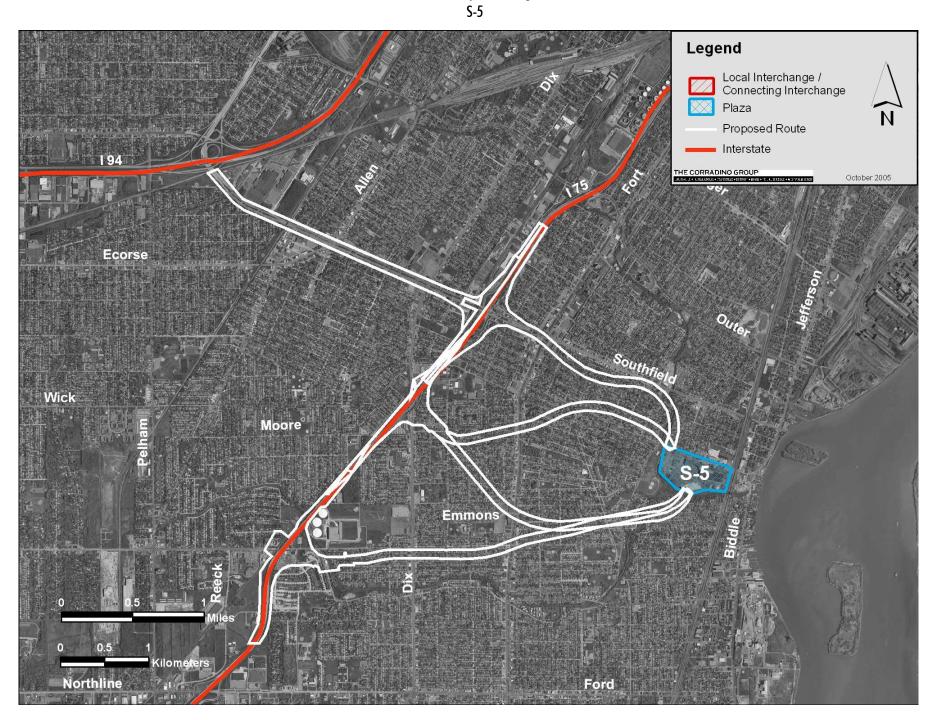


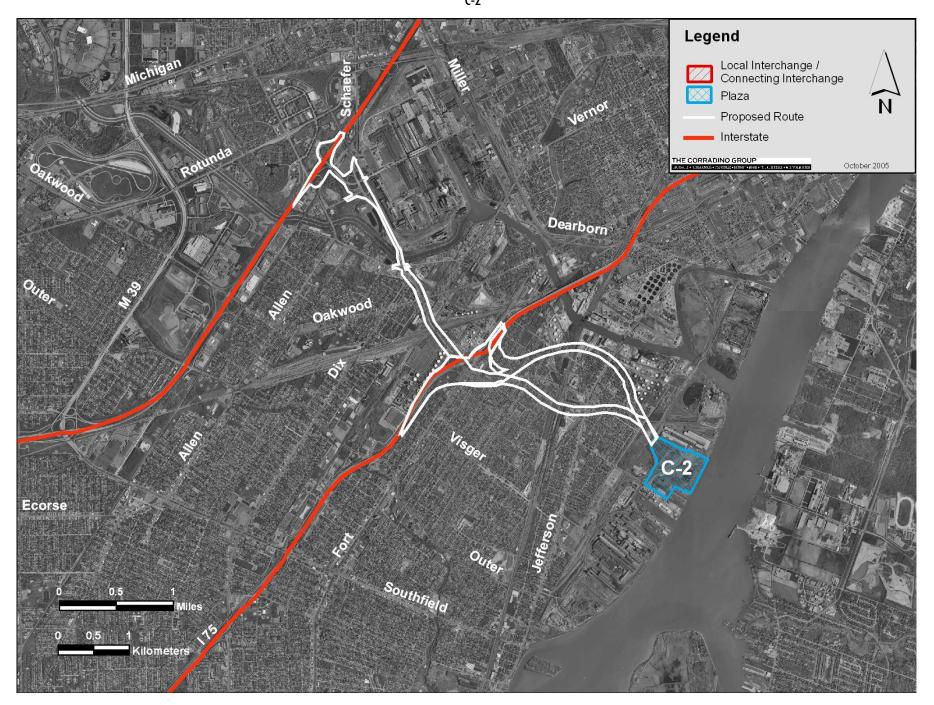




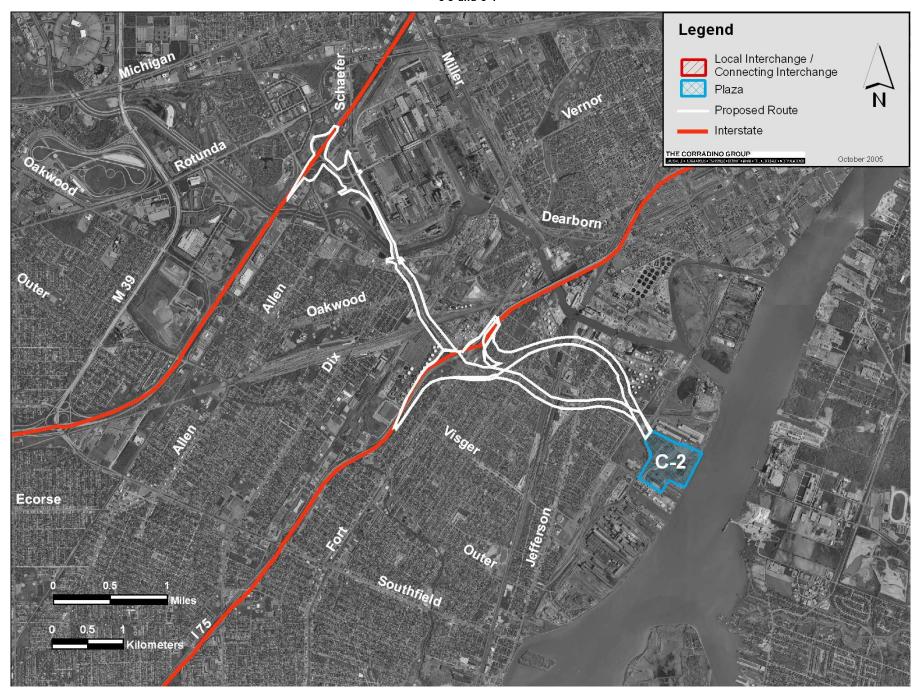
Non-Freeway Interchanges S-1 through S-4



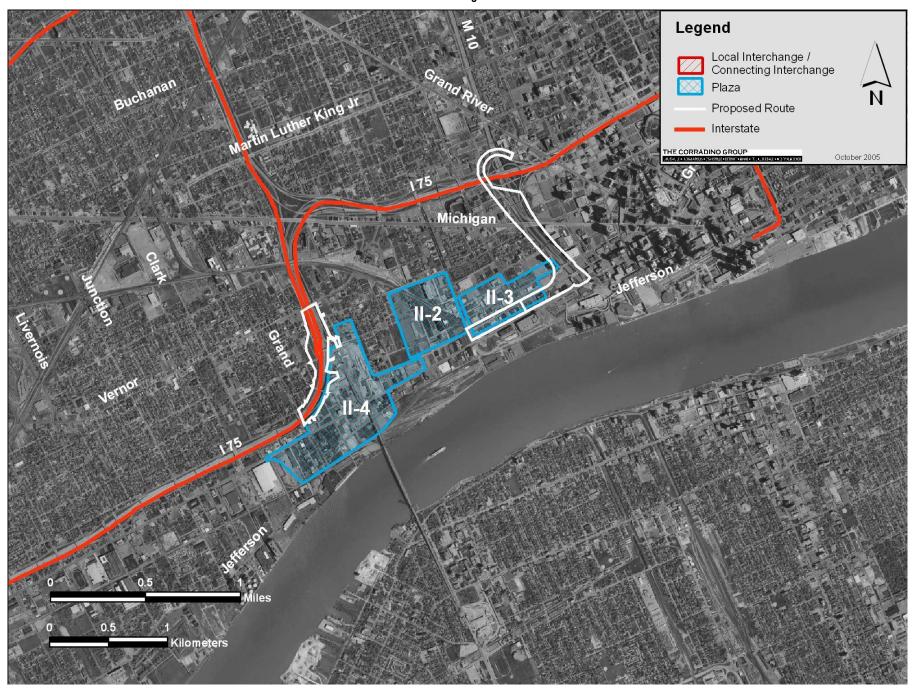


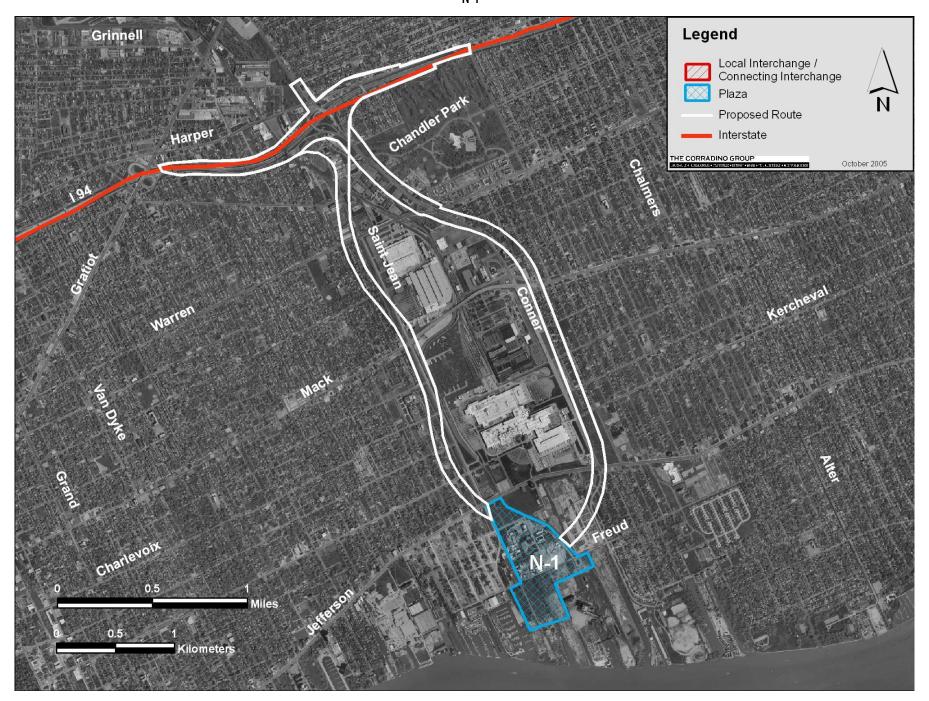


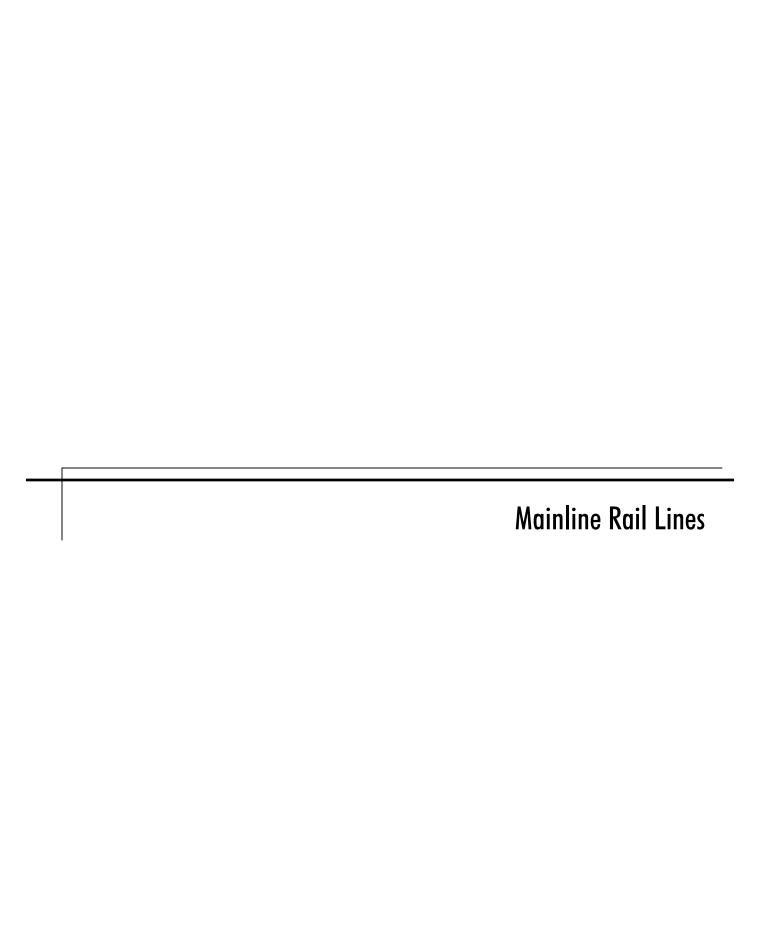
Non-Freeway Interchanges C-3 and C-4



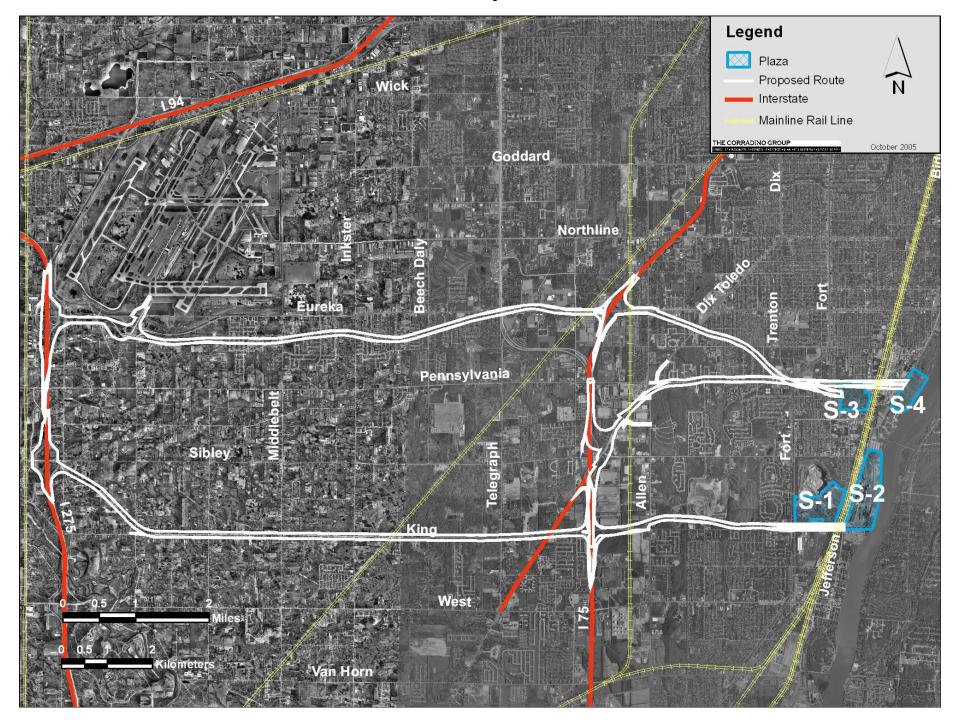
Non-Freeway Interchanges II-2 through II-4



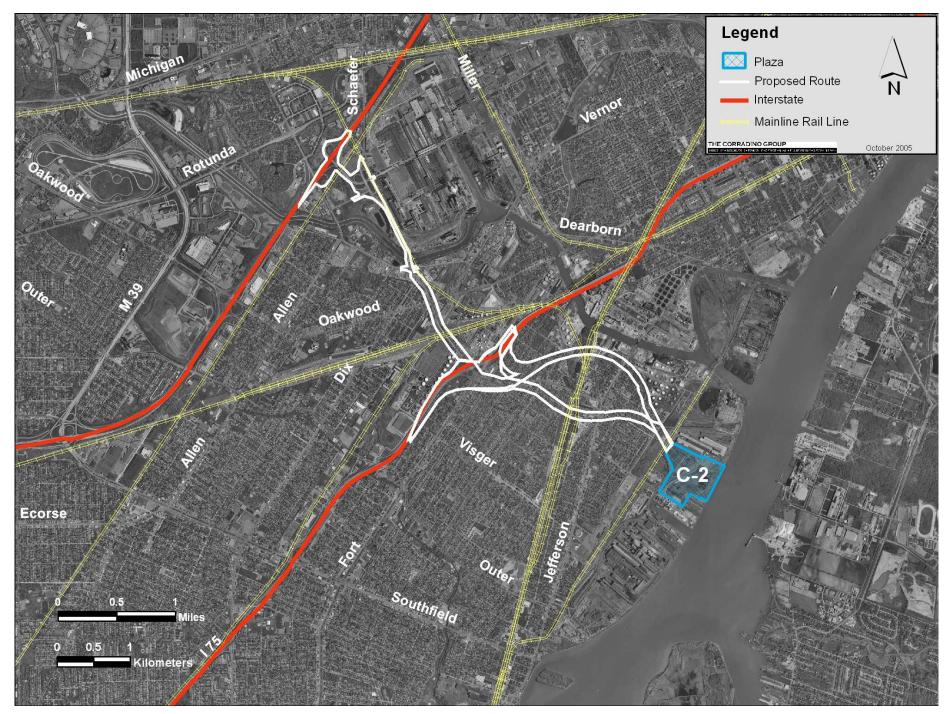




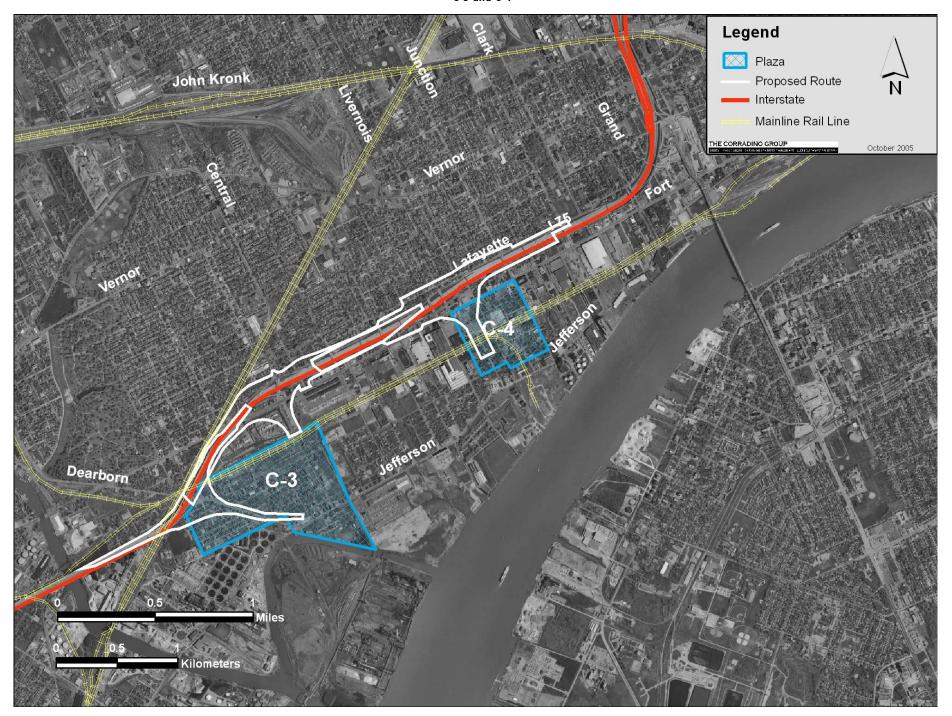
Mainline Rail Lines S-1 through S-4



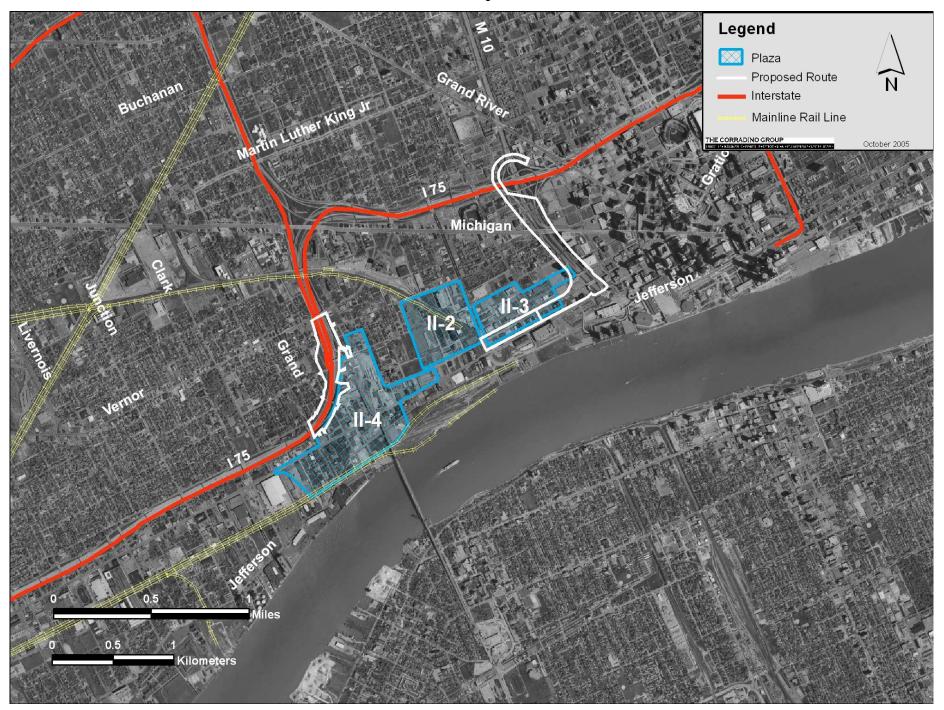




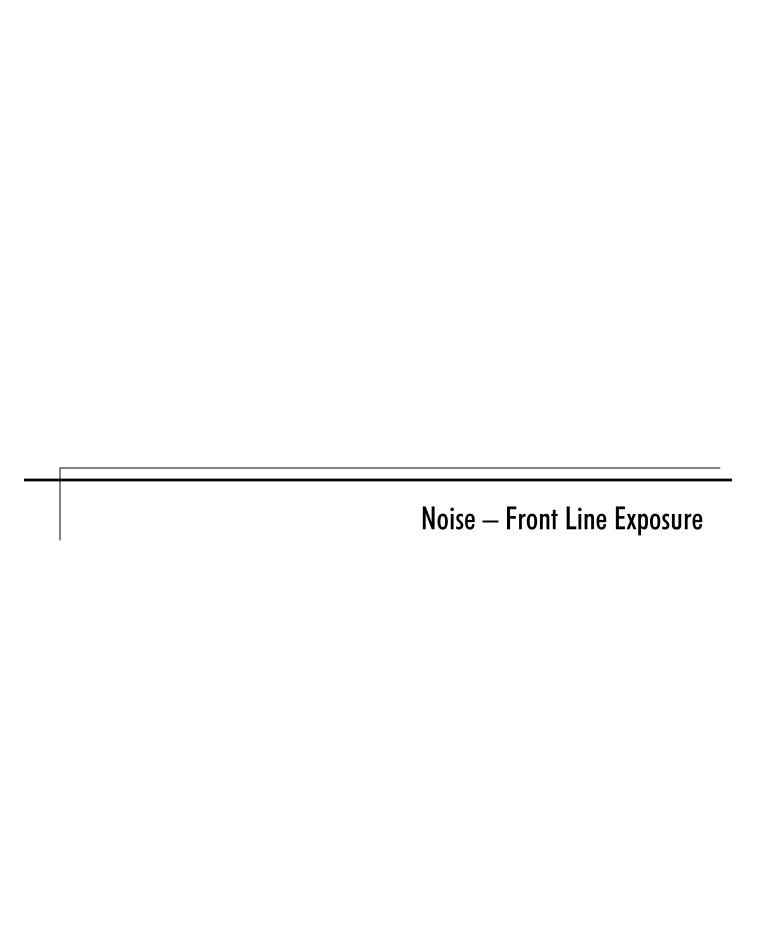
Mainline Rail Lines C-3 and C-4



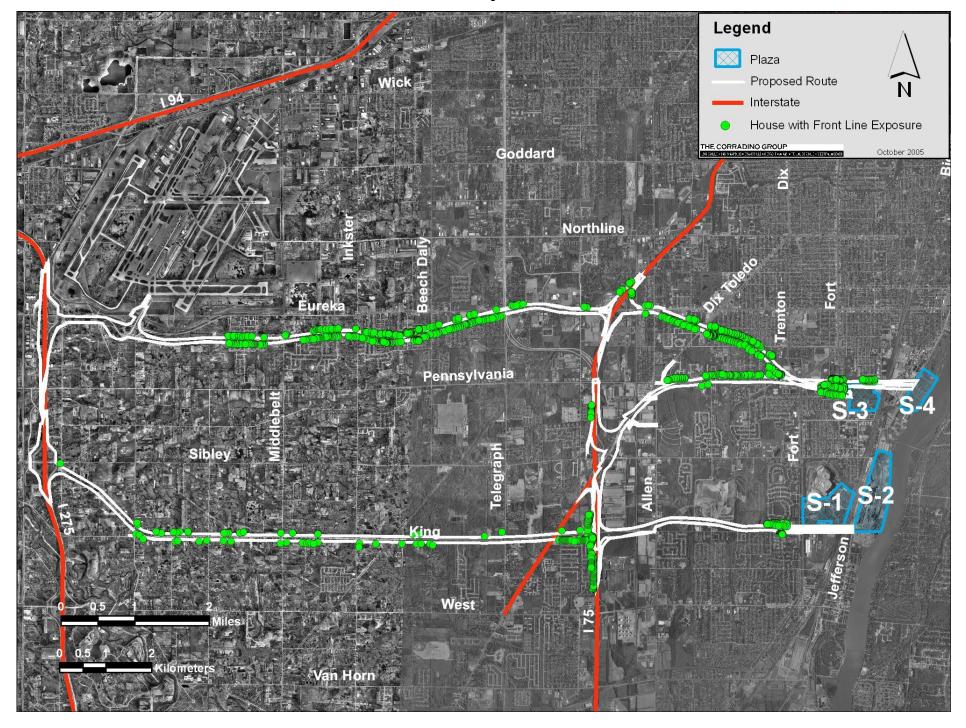
Mainline Rail Lines II-2 through II-4





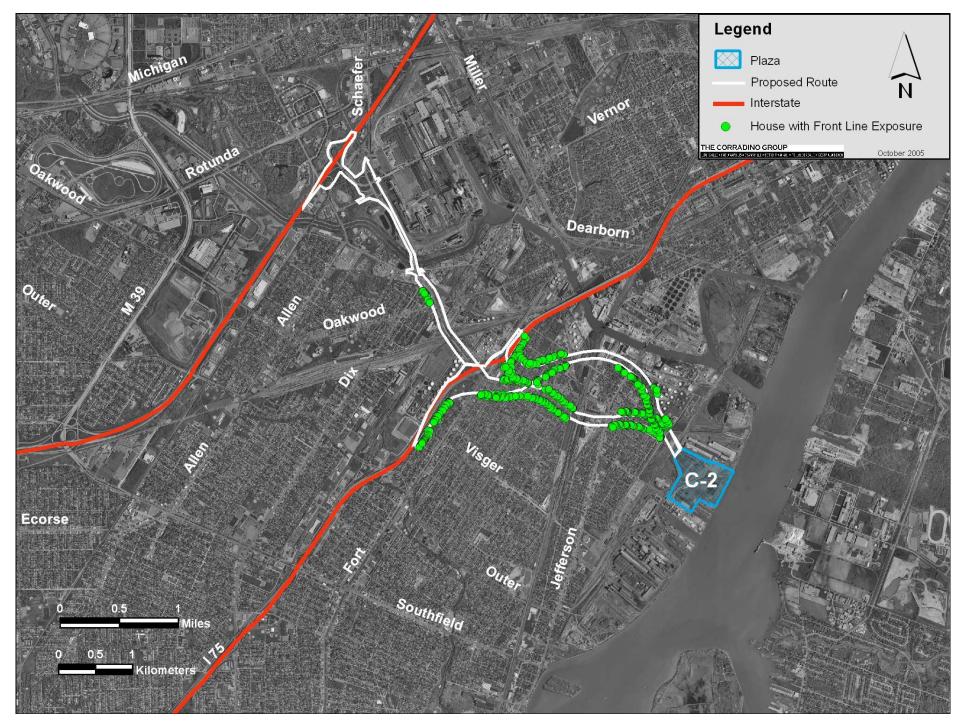


Noise — Front Line Exposure S-1 through S-4

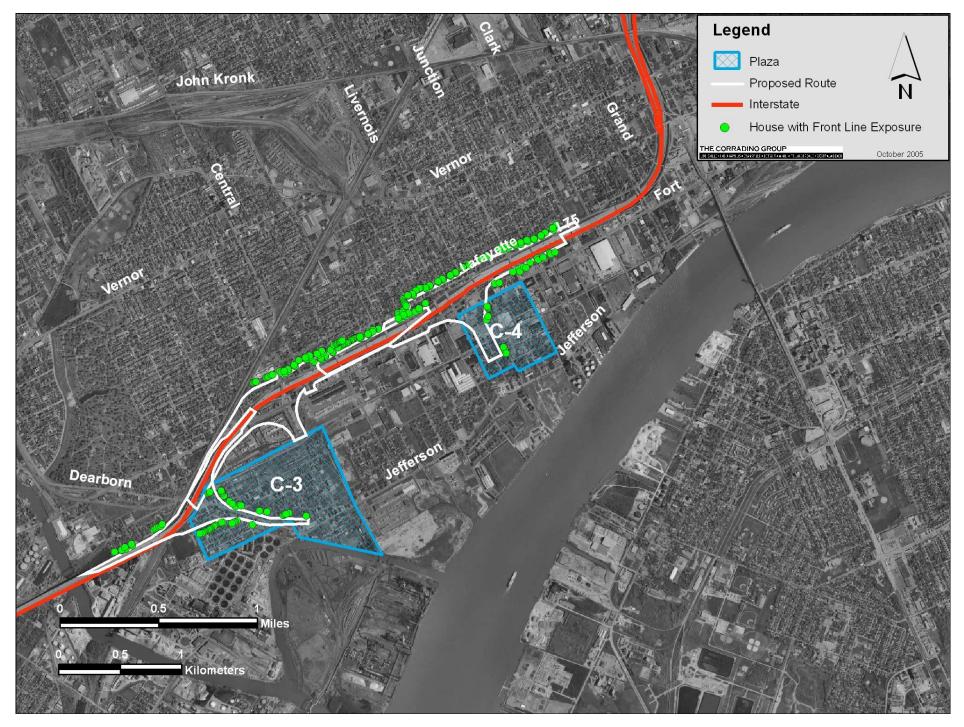




Noise — Front Line Exposure C-2



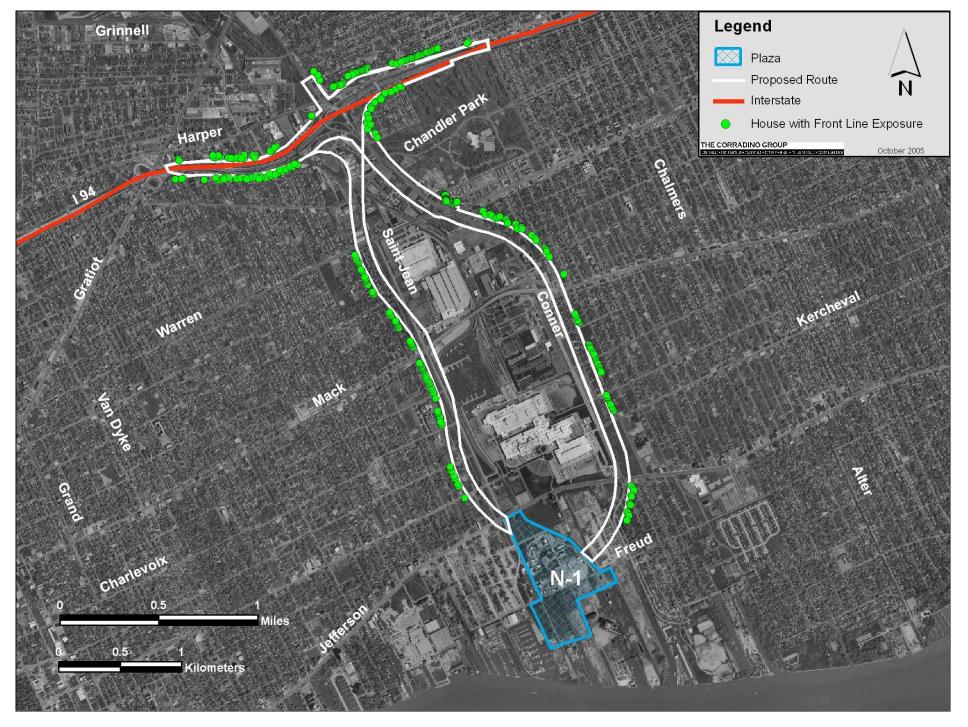
Noise — Front Line Exposure C-3 and C-4

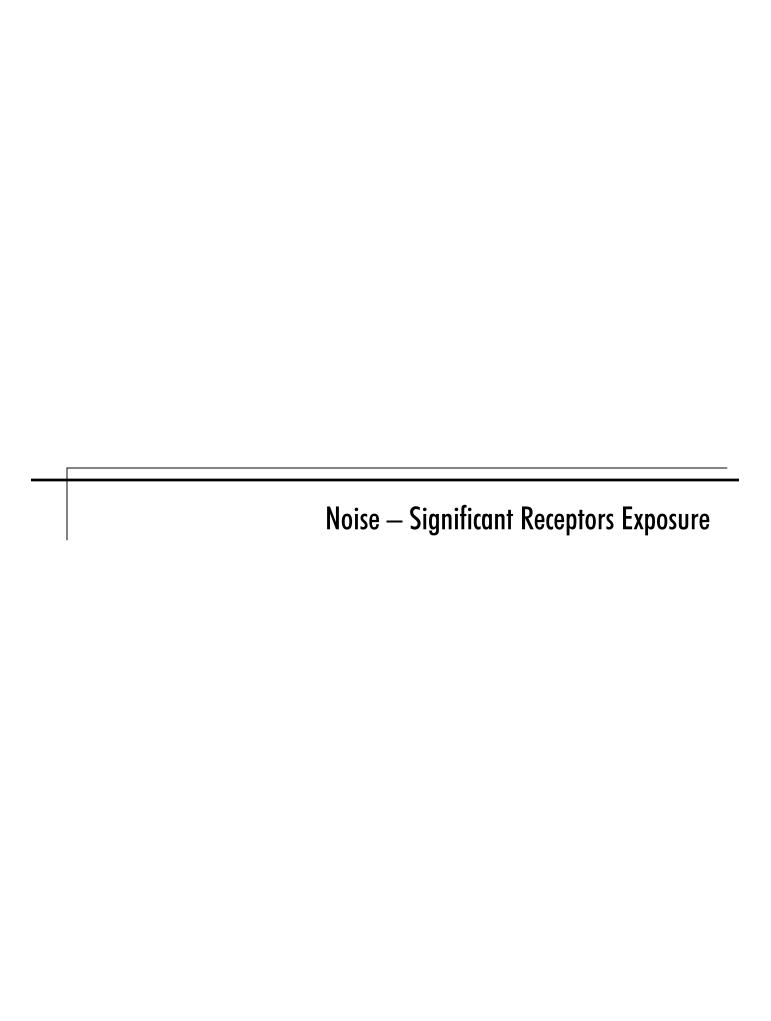


Noise — Front Line Exposure II-2 through II-4

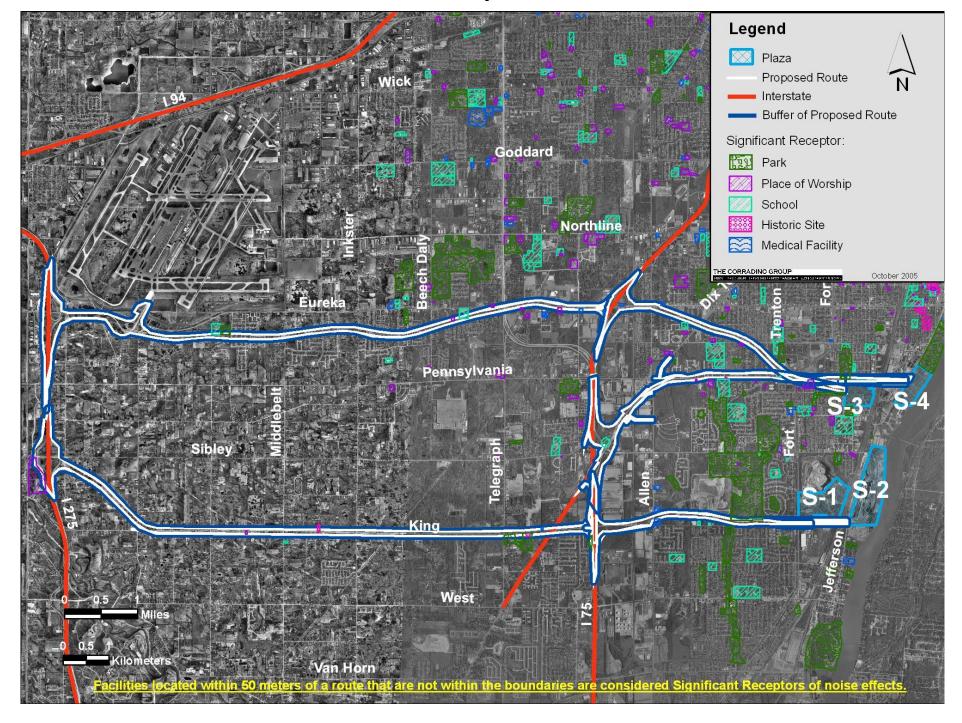


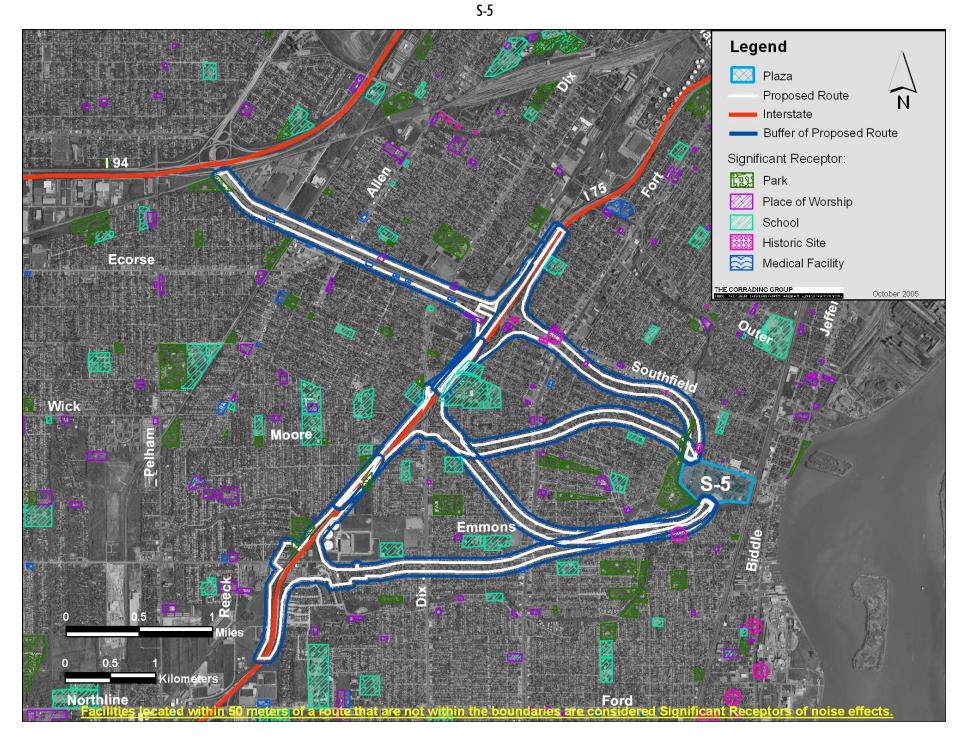
Noise — Front Line Exposure N-1

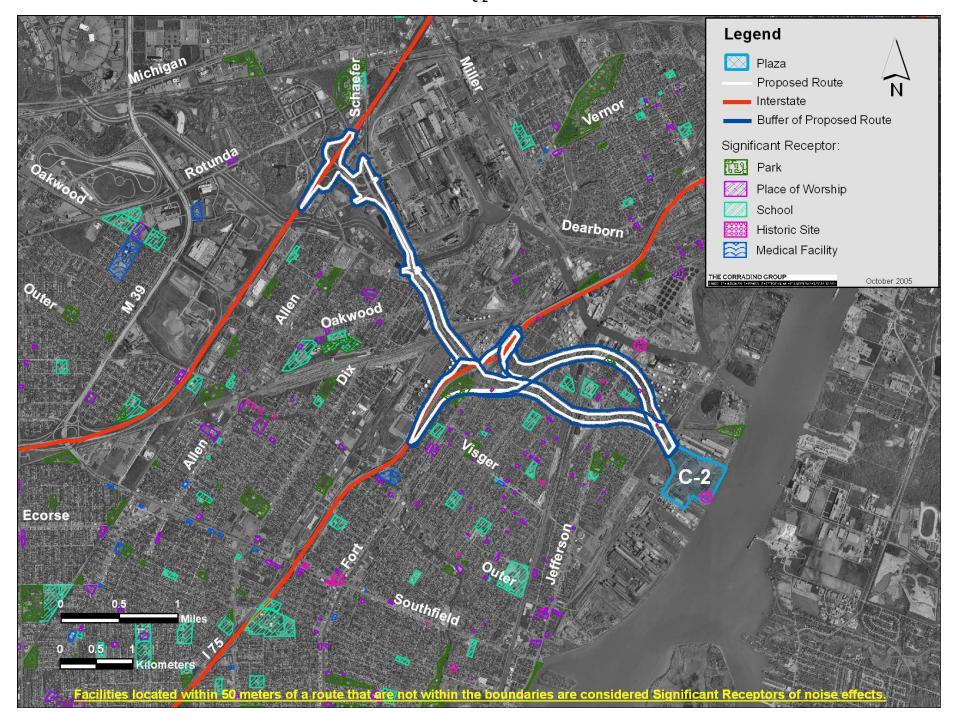




Noise — Significant Receptors S-1 through S-4







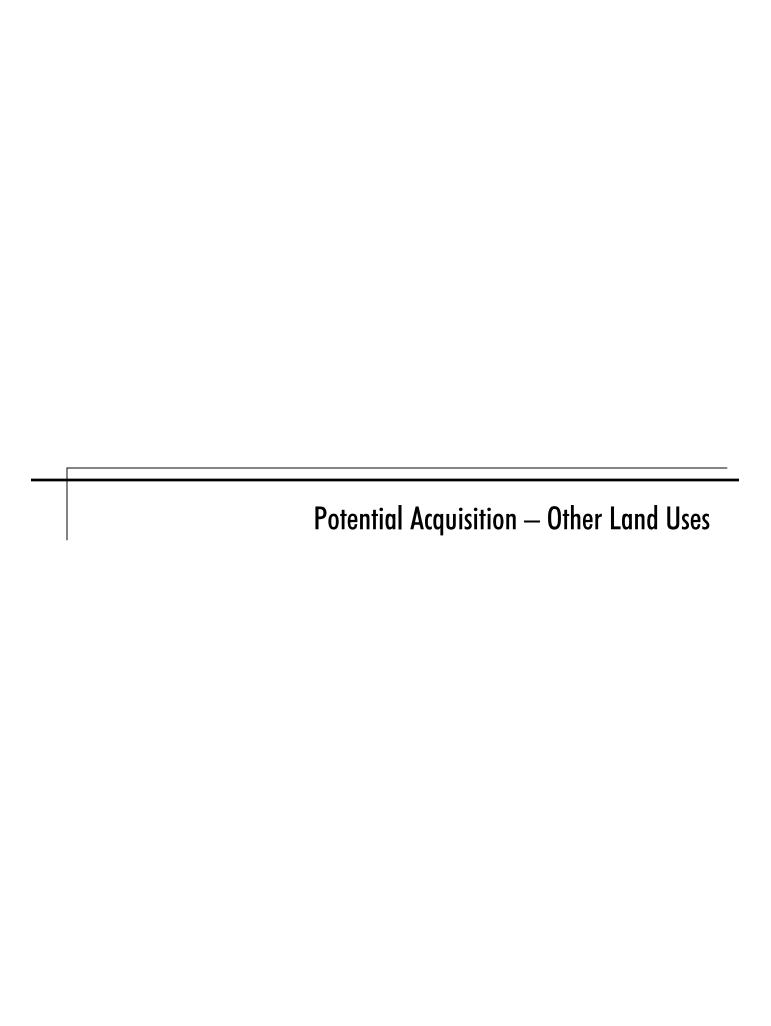
Noise — Significant Receptors C-3 and C-4



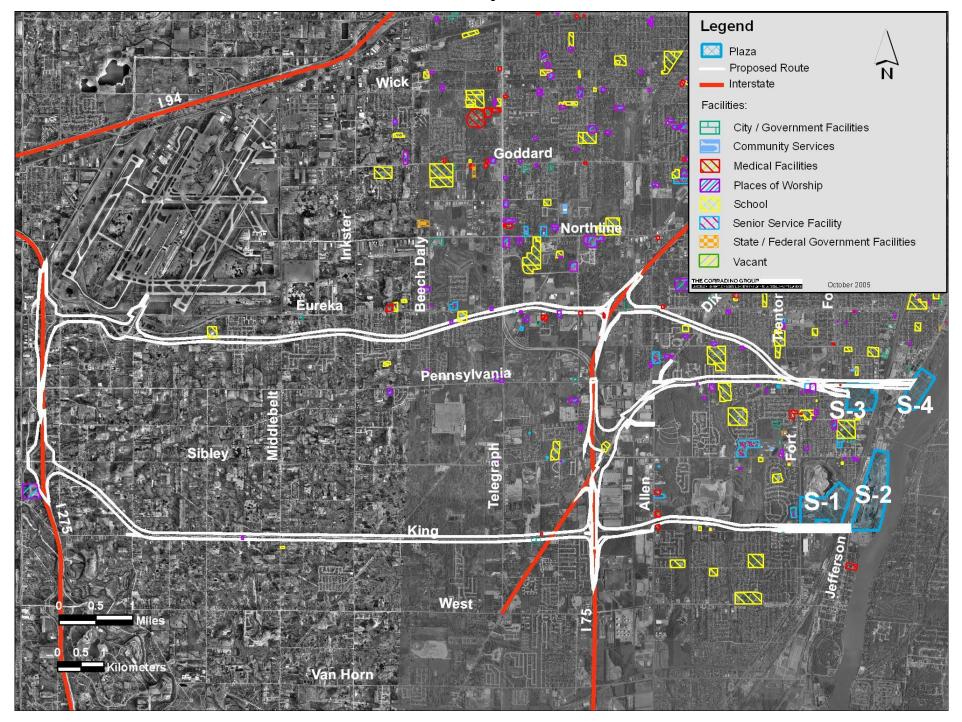
Noise — Significant Receptors II-2 through II-4

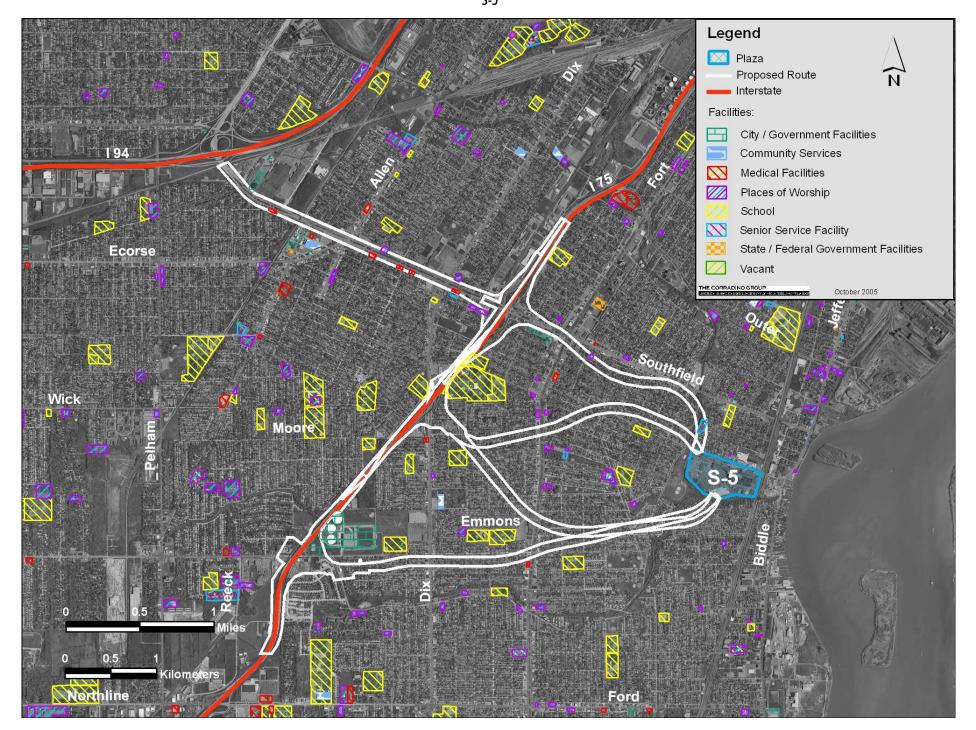






Potential Acquisitions — Other Land Uses S-1 through S-4







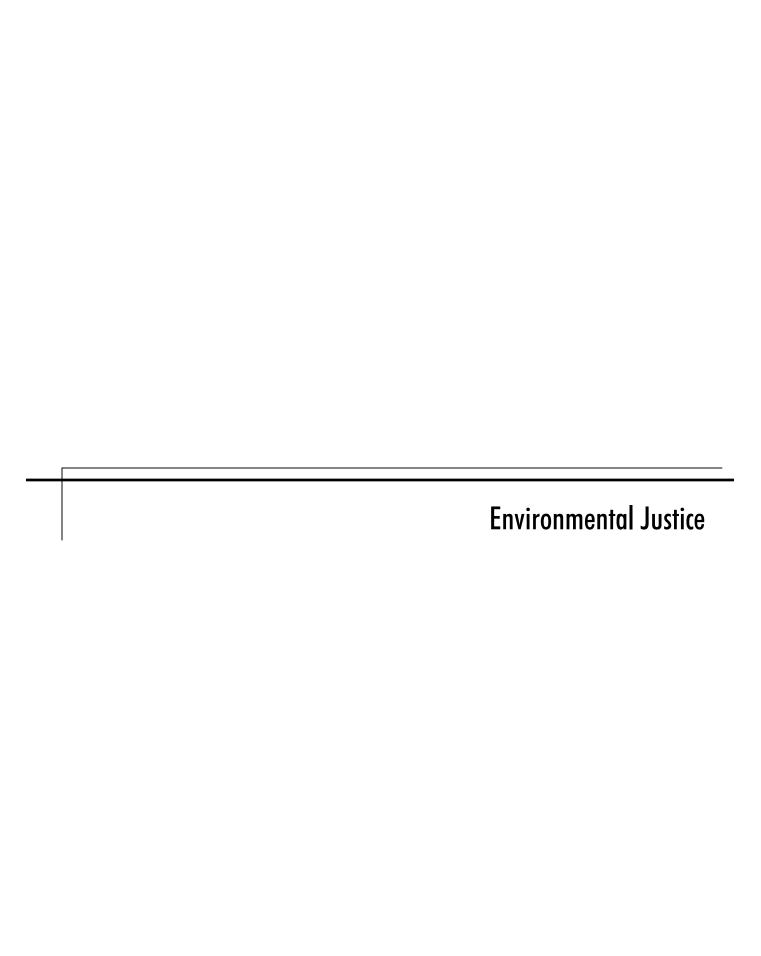
Potential Acquisitions — Other Land Uses C-3 and C-4



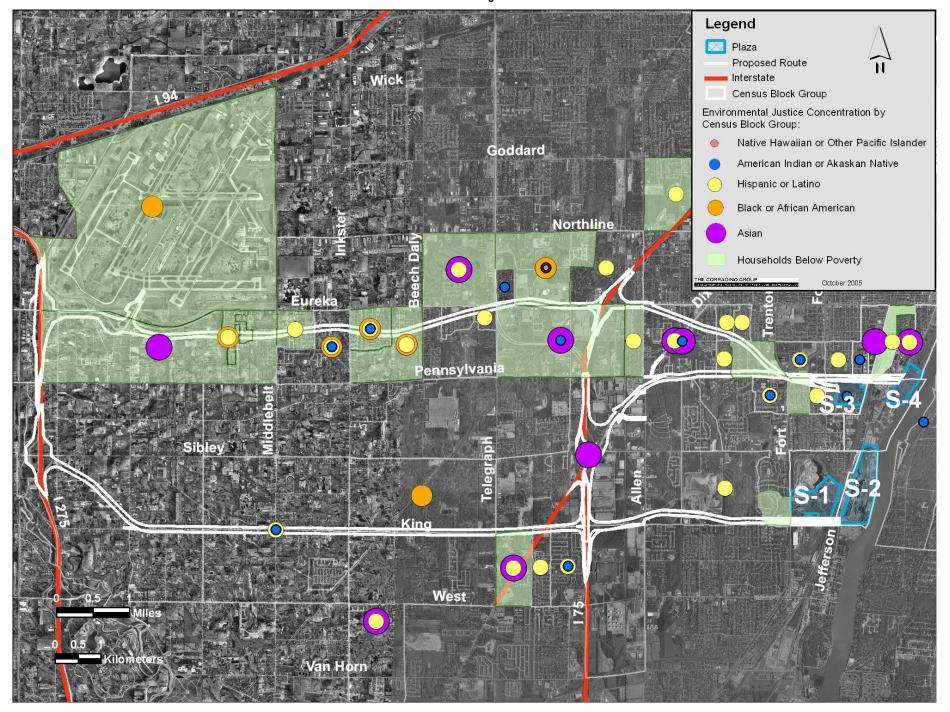
 $\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Potential Acquisitions} - \textbf{Other Land Uses} \\ \textbf{II-2 through II-4} \end{array}$

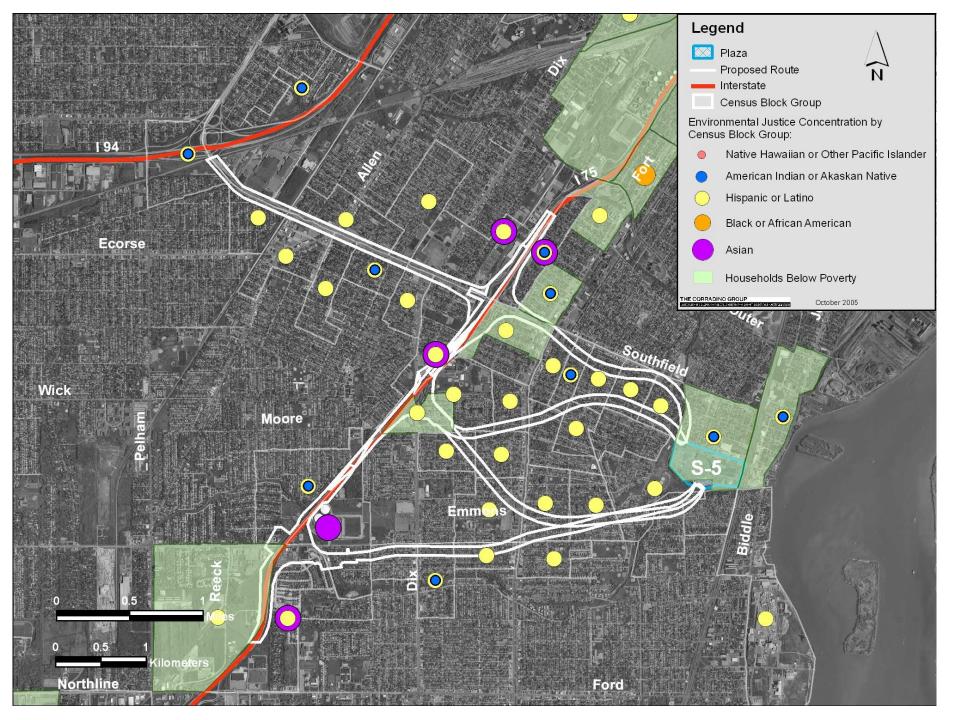


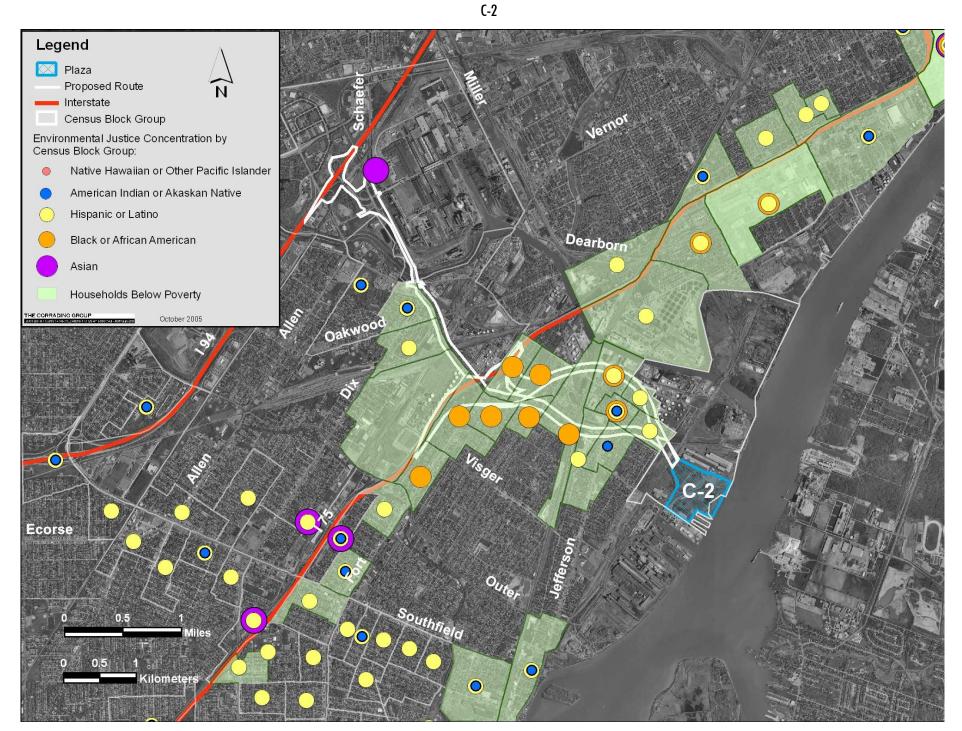




Environmental Justice Populations S-1 through S-4







Environmental Justice Populations C-3 and C-4



Environmental Justice Populations II-2 through II-4



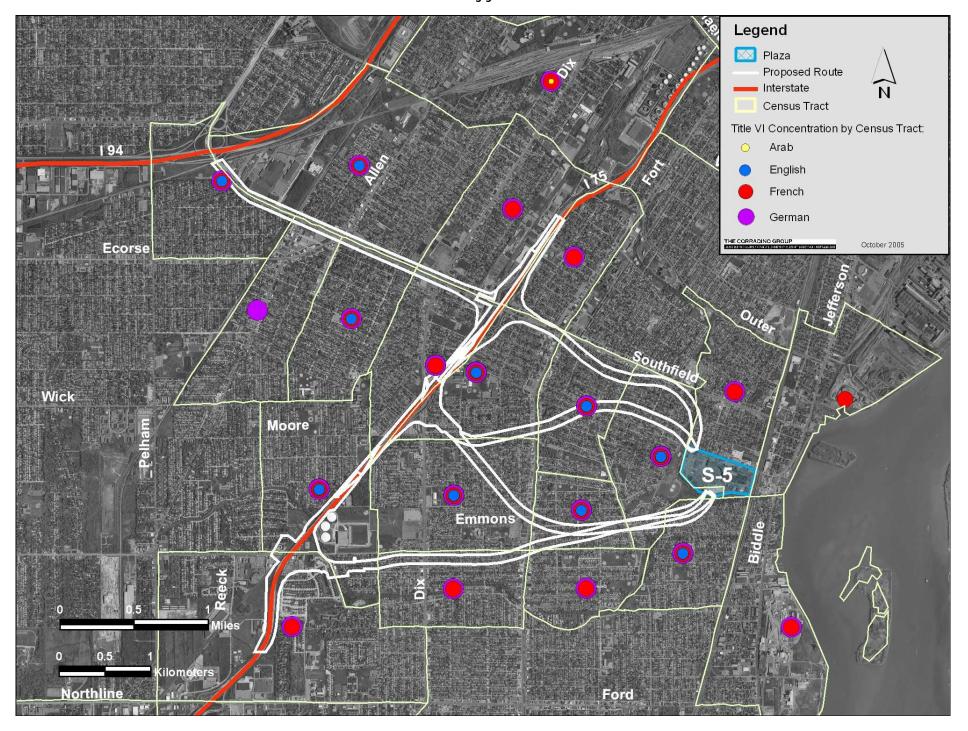


Title VI

Title VI Populations S-1 through S-4



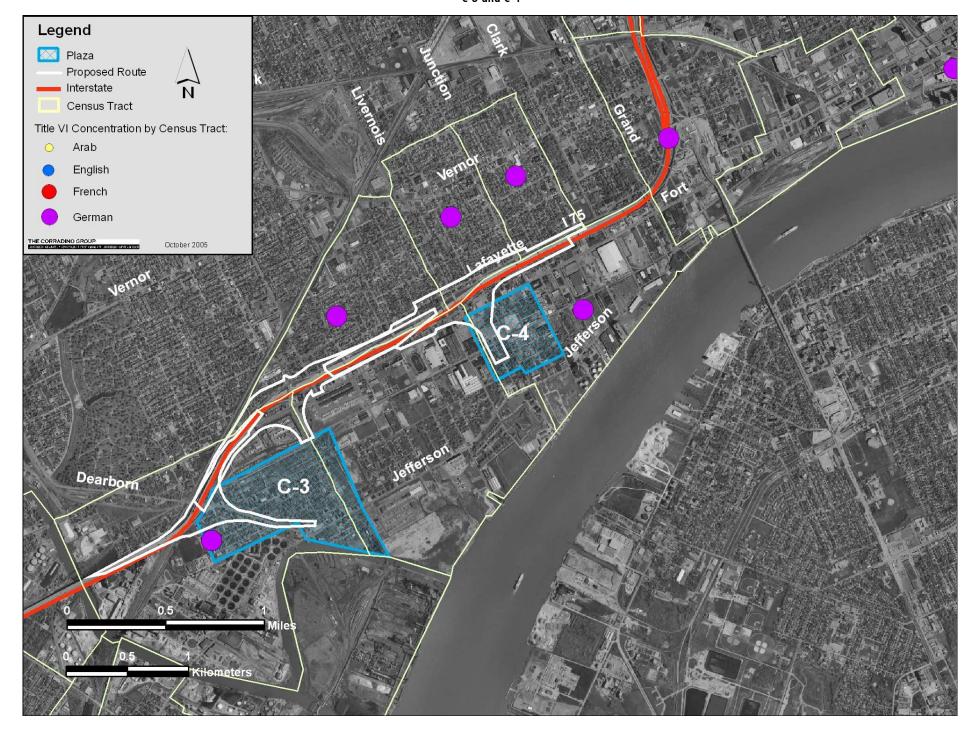
Title VI Populations S-5



Title VI Populations C-2



Title VI Populations C-3 and C-4



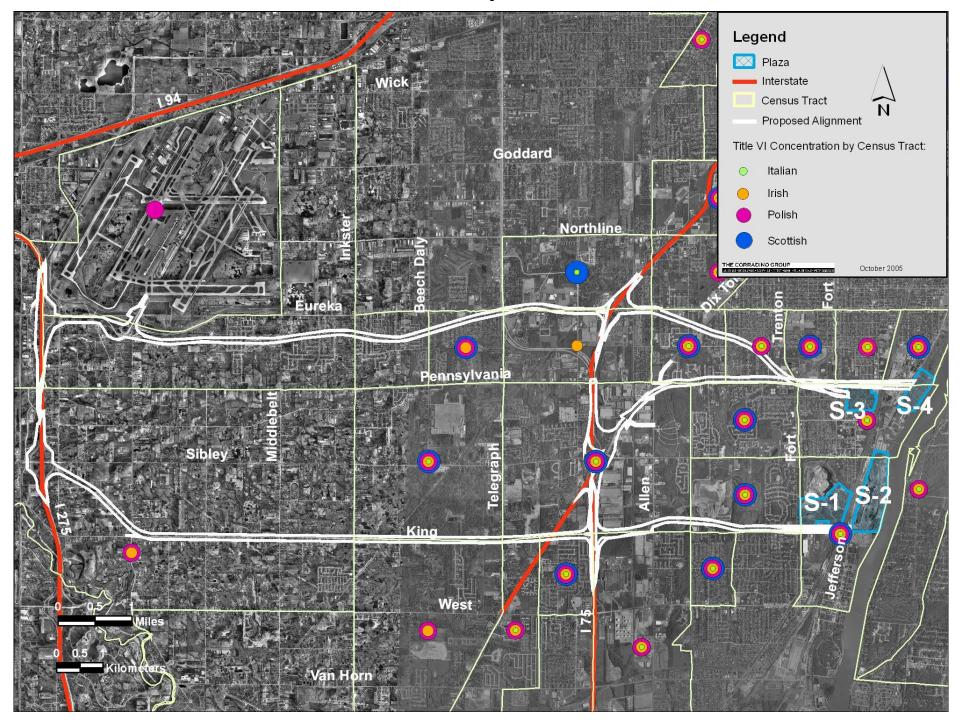
Title VI Populations II-2 through II-4



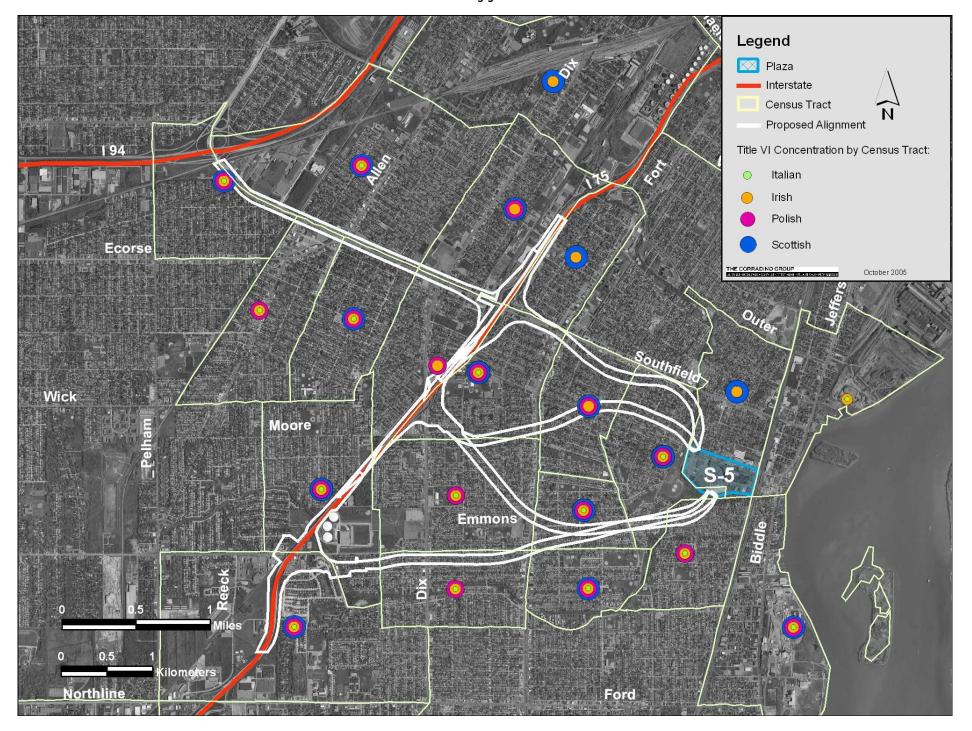
Title VI Populations N-1



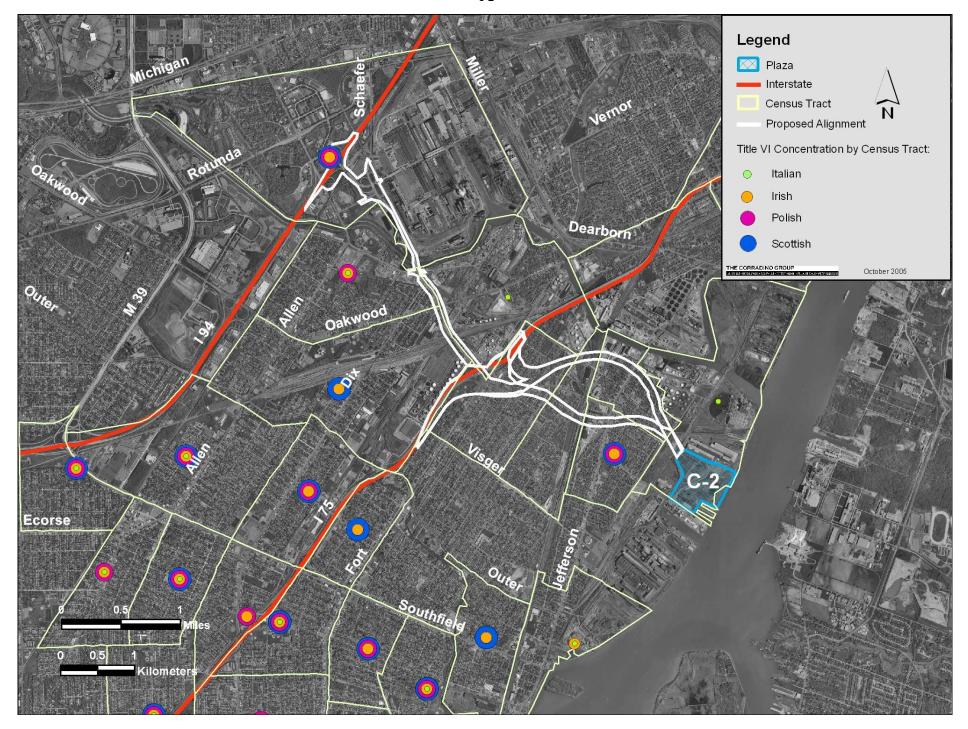
Title VI Populations S-1 through S-4



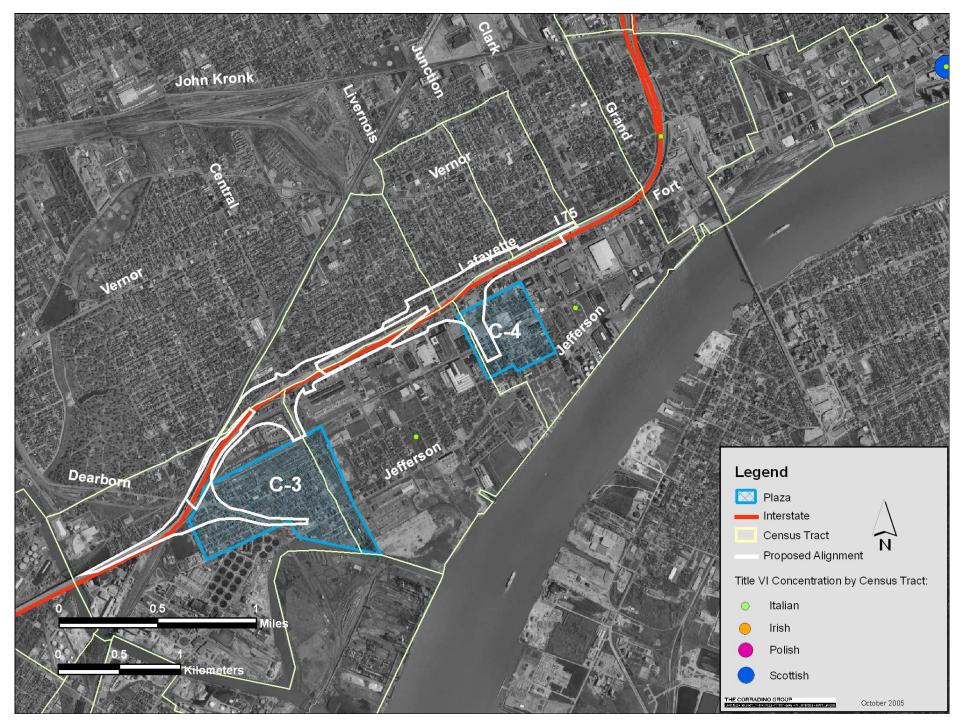
Title VI Populations S-5



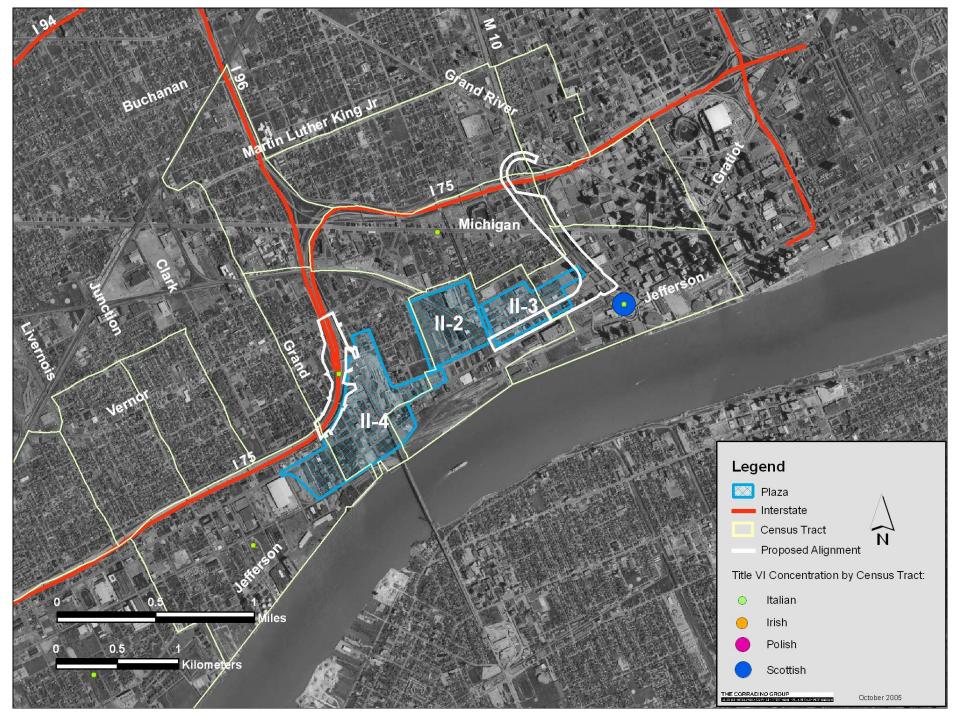
Title VI Populations C-2



Title VI Populations C-3 and C-4



Title VI Populations II-2 through II-4



Title VI Populations N-1

